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Dentistry Report

October 2026





Executive summary

This report analyses dental provision and access across all 543 Westminster Parliamentary constituencies in England, using NHS data.

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The core measures are total dental practices and NHS-contracted practices per 100,000 population, together with the proportion of adults seen by an NHS dentist in the previous two years and the share of children seen in the previous year. It also assesses dental provision in Scotland and offers comparisons at national level.

- England has a national average of 15.78 dental practices per 100,000 people, falling to 13.04 for NHS-registered practices. The Midlands, East of England and South West are all below the national average for NHS provision. On a narrow numerical level, the Midlands emerges as the region with the fewest dental practices per person, while London is best served.
- When we narrow our focus to constituency level, we find significant variations away from the national average. There are 55 constituencies with fewer than 10 dental practices per 100,000 people. In the worst-served seats, total provision is barely a third of the national average. Stoke-on-Trent South emerges as the constituency with the fewest dental practices per person in England.
- There has been a steady retreat from NHS provision by many dentists. When we consider the gap between NHS and total provision, the South West of England emerges as the region with the most significant gap. In many places where the private sector has a large presence, the

percentage of adults who have seen an NHS dentist in the last two years is well below the national average. By contrast, areas which lack any private provision often have better access to dentistry.

- Access figures are arguably more important than provision data, since what ultimately matters is not how many dentists a place has but how many people in that place are seen by a dentist. Nationally, only around four in ten adults have seen an NHS dentist in the previous two years. In Peterborough, just 20.2% of adults have done so – half the already low national average.
- For children, 56.1% had seen a dentist in the previous year. In a handful of seats, the number falls short of even the 40% figure for adults. Hackney South and Shoreditch has the lowest rate, at 38.3%. Eight constituencies appear among the places with the lowest rates for both adults and children; six are in the South West and the other two are on the Isle of Wight.
- Comparison with Scotland shows that a materially different level of NHS dental infrastructure is achievable within the UK. Scotland has 17.83 NHS dental practices per 100,000 residents, against 13.04 in England – around 37% higher. Every one of the 50 lowest-provision constituencies across the two countries is in England, while 54 of Scotland's 57 constituencies beat the English national rate.
- Dental contract reform is likely to be a necessary but not sufficient condition of adequate dental provision. The findings in this report should encourage a broadening of the debate to put more emphasis on the crucial role of dental practices as physical infrastructure: ensuring that there are enough accessible practices in every place should be as much an objective of dental policy as increasing the number of dentists.
- This place-based approach points towards the devolution agenda. Strategic authorities should bring together NHS Integrated Commissioning Boards, local authorities, dental providers, education and skills bodies, and sources of private finance to identify areas of shortage and explore how local needs can best be met. Good dentistry requires good clinicians and adequate public funding. It also requires viable practices in the right places, which means long-term investment and capital willing to support essential services where they are most needed.



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1. Introduction

Dentistry is fundamental to a good life. Healthy teeth and gums aren't just a central aspect of good physical health, they're also strongly linked to healthy life expectancy.

Oral health also supports mental health and wellbeing. Conversely, for those not fortunate enough to enjoy good dental health, the issue can be all consuming: the pain and discomfort they endure colours their entire experience of life until it is resolved.

The fact that not everyone in England has access to good dentistry is a significant problem. At a personal level, it can blight the lives of people who deserve better. At a societal level, it can fuel a belief that this country is not equal or fair. These injustices are why this report exists.

Conventionally, research on the provision of dental services and other health services are the preserve of think-tanks, charities and academics. Unity Trust Bank has developed this research because we believe that banks also have a vital role in this conversation. Unity is proud to offer ethical healthcare business loans for pharmacy, dentistry and care facilities to help reduce UK health inequalities.

This report shows the places where people currently lack access to dental services, but it also tells a story about capital and investment. A dental practice is, among other things, a small business that needs premises, equipment and other resources.

That means access to capital. Where there is a lack of dental provision, one factor may be that dentists have not been able to access the capital they need to set up and operate their practice. Sometimes that's because other lenders have not been willing to deploy their capital in the places that really need it. We want to change that picture.

At Unity, we are determined to show people that banking can and will make a positive difference in the places they live. That's why we launched our Capital You Can Count On campaign, to show the difference that good banking can make. This report is part of that campaign. We hope that it will help everyone involved in social and primary care - policymakers, providers, investors and local residents - to work with us to make things better for communities, now and in the future.

2. Background

The NHS recommends that adults see a dentist at least once every two years.

The proportion of people in England who are able to achieve this via the National Health Service has been falling for several years, but the decline accelerated sharply after the Covid-19 pandemic.

According to the House of Commons Library analysis of NHS England figures, in March 2006, 51.7% of adults had been seen by a dentist in the last two years. In June 2019, the figure was 50.9%. But by June 2024, the figure had fallen to 40.3%.

That 40% figure, showing that only four in ten adults had seen an NHS dentist in the last two years, has become a widely recognised indicator of a system that is failing to provide an essential service for the majority of adults.

Yet national aggregate figures naturally contain significant local variations. And people do not directly experience those national-level statistics: they interact with dentistry in their local communities. The needs and voices of those communities are then represented in the policymaking process by the members of parliament that represent them.

To that end, we have developed this report to analyse dental provision and dental access primarily at the level of parliamentary constituencies. We believe that this analysis and new perspective will help Members of Parliament assess and judge the true scale of the challenge on dentistry.



3. Methodology

Sections 4 through 6 of this report gives data on English parliamentary constituencies on the following metrics:

- total dental practices, NHS-contracted and private, per 100,000 population;
- NHS-contracted practices per 100,000 population;
- from these figures, the gap between NHS and total provision is derived, showing the local importance of private provision;
- adults seen by an NHS dentist in the previous two years;
- children seen in the previous year.

The method by which these data are derived is set out in the appendix.

4. Provision

We start with a simple analysis of how many dentists each constituency has relative to its population. This is measured by dental practices per 100,000 people. We also isolate the number of practices that are registered to treat patients on the NHS.

We find an English national average of 15.78 practices (of all sorts) per 100,000 people. For NHS-registered practices, the national average is 13.04.

At the regional level, this analysis shows quite wide variations between English regions. The Midlands, East of England and South West are all below the national average for NHS provision.

On a narrow numerical level, the Midlands emerges as the region with the fewest dental practices per person, while London is best-served.

i) Regional analysis

Table 1: Regional summary of dentist access

Region	Constituencies	Average of all practices/100k	Average of NHS practices/100k
Midlands	105	13.67	11.99
East of England	64	14.74	12.07
North West	71	14.77	13.24
North East and Yorkshire	82	15.39	13.22
South East	88	16.35	13.45
South West	58	17.07	12.37
London	75	19.20	14.86

However, when we consider the gap between NHS and total provision, a different regional picture emerges. This gap is a measure of how many dental practices exist in a given location that do not treat patients via NHS contracts: the higher the gap, the more dentists in the seat have closed their lists to NHS patients and hold no NHS contract. Conversely, where there is no difference between total provision and NHS provision, all dentists in the seat hold some sort of NHS contract and are open to treating at least some patients via the NHS.

As Nuffield and others have found, there has been a steady retreat from NHS provision by many dentists. It is also observed this retreat can sometimes add to the challenge of accessing a dentist, especially for lower-income households. So the public-private gap in dentistry is an important metric. On this measure, the south-west of England emerges as the region with the most significant challenge on dental provision.

Table 2: Regional summary of private-public access gap

Region	Constituencies	Average of all practices/100k	Average of NHS practices/100k	Private-public gap
South West	58	17.07	12.37	4.7
London	75	19.2	14.86	4.34
South East	88	16.35	13.45	2.9
East of England	64	14.74	12.07	2.67
North East and Yorkshire	82	15.39	13.22	2.17
Midlands	105	13.67	11.99	1.68
North West	71	14.77	13.24	1.53

ii) Notable constituencies and places

When we narrow our focus to the constituency level, we start to find significant variations away from the national average.

There are 55 constituencies with fewer than 10 dental practices per 100,000 people. In the worst-served seats, total provision is barely a third of the national average. On this metric, Stoke-on-Trent South emerges as the constituency with the fewest dental practices per person in England.

Table 3: Top 20 seats with the lowest overall dental practice provision

Rank	Constituency	Region	Average of all practices/100k
1	Stoke-on-Trent South	Midlands	5.17
2	Bristol South	South West	6.48
3	Sherwood Forest	Midlands	6.52
4	Selby	North East and Yorkshire	6.64
5	Bolsover	Midlands	6.66
6	Mid Leicestershire	Midlands	6.70
7	South Northamptonshire	Midlands	6.78
8	Bristol North East	South West	6.82
9	Gainsborough	Midlands	7.06
10	South Norfolk	East of England	7.12
11	Braintree	East of England	7.37
12	South West Norfolk	East of England	7.49
13	South Derbyshire	Midlands	7.74
14	Hayes and Harlington	London	7.79
15	Northampton South	Midlands	7.85
16	Grantham and Bourne	Midlands	7.85
17	Birmingham Erdington	Midlands	7.93
18	Rayleigh and Wickford	East of England	8.02
19	East Ham	London	8.06
20	Swindon North	South West	8.09

iii) NHS and Private provision

Dental services can be provided by both the NHS and by private providers. The retreat of dentists from NHS provision and related rise in private sector provision has been analysed and described by several analysts, most recently Harvey Seville and Mark Dayan at the Nuffield Trust, in their August 2026 analysis The great extraction: the changing state of NHS general dental services in England.

Our analysis adds richness to that picture by offering insights into the places where private provision makes up the largest share of overall provision. We do this by showing the gap between NHS provision and the private sector. We also introduce a measure of how many adults have seen an NHS dentist in the past two years, to show how dental provision relates to access to dental services.

Table 4: Top 20 seats with highest private gap

This table shows the seats with the largest private-sector share of overall dentistry provision. For these seats, we also introduce an additional metric: how many adults have been seen by an NHS dentist in the past two years.

Constituency	Region	Private gap	% of adults seen NHS dentist in last two years
Cities of London and Westminster	London	57.91	43.50%
Christchurch	South West	16.99	34.20%
Bournemouth East	South West	14.74	35.10%
Twickenham	London	14.72	28.10%
Leeds Central and Headingley	North East and Yorkshire	12.95	42.80%
Chelsea and Fulham	London	12.27	43.60%
Wimbledon	London	11.67	40.20%
Finchley and Golders Green	London	10.77	29.60%
Salisbury	South West	10.56	32.60%
Hammersmith and Chiswick	London	10.13	46.90%
Tatton	North West	9.88	47.30%
Richmond Park	London	9.80	32.20%
Cheltenham	South West	9.74	34.70%
York Central	North East and Yorkshire	9.61	34.60%
Glastonbury and Somerton	South West	9.57	25.80%
West Dorset	South West	9.34	33.00%
Sutton Coldfield	Midlands	9.30	44.10%
Harrogate and Knaresborough	North East and Yorkshire	8.51	37.70%
Swindon South	South West	8.49	28.80%
Bath	South West	8.45	33.00%

The most obvious observation is that these seats are all in wealthy areas, though it should not be assumed that all residents are wealthy and able to access private provision. The chart shows that in many places where the private sector has a large presence, the percentage of adults who have seen an NHS dentist in the last two years is well below the national average of 40% and the average access rate for these 20 seats is 36.3%.

The reasons for this are not clear from our data. It is obviously possible that overall access rates are significantly higher, because logically a significant number of residents must be using private dentists rather than NHS services; otherwise private practices would not stay in business. But it is also possible that at least some residents in these seats are unable to see a dentist of any kind: private dentists are too expensive, and NHS dentists are not available to them.

iv) Constituencies with zero all-private providers

At the other end of this table, 93 constituencies have no gap, meaning zero all-private providers - all dental practices in these seats hold an NHS contract. This does not mean that there is no private-sector dentistry in those seats; rather it means that there are no dentists in the seat that are exclusively available to private patients.

These seats are listed here along with the percentage of adults who have seen an NHS dentist in the last two years.



Table 5: Constituencies with no all-private provision

Constituency	Region	% of adults seen NHS dentist in last two years
Thurrock	East of England	30.90%
Thornbury and Yate	South West	32.10%
Barking	London	40.30%
Dagenham and Rainham	London	40.70%
Wellingborough and Rushden	Midlands	31.50%
Frome and East Somerset	South West	28.60%
Houghton and Sunderland South	North East and Yorkshire	36.60%
East Ham	London	30.90%
Easington	North East and Yorkshire	37.30%
Washington and Gateshead South	North East and Yorkshire	40.20%
Wolverhampton South East	Midlands	41.60%
Birmingham Hodge Hill and Solihull North	Midlands	43.20%
Forest of Dean	South West	34.70%
Tipton and Wednesbury	Midlands	48.80%
Walthamstow	London	37.60%
Wolverhampton North East	Midlands	41.70%
Birmingham Erdington	Midlands	44.10%
Birmingham Perry Barr	Midlands	44.10%
Birmingham Northfield	Midlands	44.10%
St Neots and Mid Cambridgeshire	East of England	39.90%
Widnes and Halewood	North West	43.60%
Lewisham West and East Dulwich	London	49.00%
Bristol North East	South West	34.60%
Brent East	London	39.00%
Erith and Thamesmead	London	42.10%
Gosport	South East	39.40%
Brigg and Immingham	North East and Yorkshire	42.90%
Blaydon and Consett	North East and Yorkshire	46.30%
Selby	North East and Yorkshire	38.80%
Redditch	Midlands	34.40%
Wyre Forest	Midlands	34.40%
Hitchin	East of England	38.50%
Streatham and Croydon North	London	43.20%
Braintree	East of England	36.70%
Maldon	East of England	36.70%
Lowestoft	East of England	37.00%
Mid Sussex	South East	40.20%
Coventry North West	Midlands	55.50%

Constituency	Region	% of adults seen NHS dentist in last two years
Sefton Central	North West	47.50%
Hastings and Rye	South East	42.30%
Liverpool West Derby	North West	38.10%
Reading West and Mid Berkshire	South East	34.20%
Liverpool Wavertree	North West	38.20%
Liverpool Walton	North West	38.80%
Pontefract, Castleford and Knottingley	North East and Yorkshire	44.70%
Newcastle upon Tyne East and Wallsend	North East and Yorkshire	44.70%
North Warwickshire and Bedworth	Midlands	42.00%
Barnsley South	North East and Yorkshire	50.50%
Barnsley North	North East and Yorkshire	50.50%
Doncaster East and the Isle of Axholme	North East and Yorkshire	56.00%
Stalybridge and Hyde	North West	47.10%
Tottenham	London	42.70%
Rawmarsh and Conisbrough	North East and Yorkshire	54.60%
Heywood and Middleton North	North West	42.90%
Stoke-on-Trent South	Midlands	48.20%
Worsley and Eccles	North West	42.90%
Stoke-on-Trent Central	Midlands	53.40%
Birkenhead	North West	52.30%
Bolton South and Walkden	North West	42.20%
Hyndburn	North West	38.90%
South Ribble	North West	38.90%
West Lancashire	North West	38.90%
Pendle and Clitheroe	North West	38.90%
Brighton Kemptown and Peacehaven	South East	39.50%
Makerfield	North West	52.60%
Leigh and Atherton	North West	52.60%
Wigan	North West	52.60%
Bolsover	Midlands	39.20%
North East Derbyshire	Midlands	39.20%
Erewash	Midlands	39.20%
Sherwood Forest	Midlands	43.10%
Newark	Midlands	43.10%
Gedling	Midlands	43.10%
Calder Valley	North East and Yorkshire	47.30%
St Helens South and Whiston	North West	49.60%
Mid Leicestershire	Midlands	36.00%
The Wrekin	Midlands	47.60%

Constituency	Region	% of adults seen NHS dentist in last two years
Bristol South	South West	36.50%
Doncaster North	North East and Yorkshire	62.30%
St Helens North	North West	51.20%
Mid Derbyshire	Midlands	42.10%
Dewsbury and Batley	North East and Yorkshire	49.00%
Spen Valley	North East and Yorkshire	49.00%
Telford	Midlands	51.60%
Rossendale and Darwen	North West	50.60%
Middlesbrough South and East Cleveland	North East and Yorkshire	51.00%
Congleton	North West	48.30%
Crewe and Nantwich	North West	48.30%
Sheffield Brightside and Hillsborough	North East and Yorkshire	53.90%
Derby South	Midlands	45.60%
Mid Cheshire	North West	47.50%
Nottingham South	Midlands	50.30%
Jarrow and Gateshead East	North East and Yorkshire	61.90%

Notably, these 93 seats have an average two-year adult access figure of 43.4%, which is above the national average. Indeed, some of these zero all-private seats have some of the highest rates of dental access in England. Doncaster North, for example, has an access rate of 62.3% for adults, one of the ten highest results across all constituencies. In other words, in places where all dentists retain some level of contractual relationship with the NHS, people are more likely to be able to see a dentist.



5. Access

That 40% figure has become well established as a symbol of declining provision at a national level. However, like all national-level data, this figure contains a multitude of local variations.

Our analysis shows these differences between parliamentary constituencies, and reveals that in some places, the picture is even grimmer than the one described in that 40% headline number.

For children, a visit is recommended every 12 months. The June 2024 figures show that 56.1% of children had seen a dentist in the previous year. That was only a marginal fall on the pre-pandemic figure of 57.9%. Our analysis shows that in a handful of seats, the number of children seeing a dentist in the recommended period falls short of even that infamous 40% figure for adults.

Access figures are arguably more important than provision data, since what ultimately matters is now how many dentists a place has but how many people in that place are seen by a dentist. On this measure, a clear picture emerges of the south-west of England as the place with the greatest challenge: seats in this region are heavily represented in the lists of seats with the lowest shares of adults and children seeing a dentist.

At the individual seat level, however, it is Peterborough that emerges as the place where the fewest adults have seen a dentist in the last two years – just 20.2% of adults have seen a dentist in Peterborough in the previous two years, half the (already low) national average of 40.03%. For children, it is Hackney South, where 38.3% of children saw a dentist in the last year, well below the national average of 56.1%.

i) Notable constituencies and places

Table 6: Top 20 seats with lowest rates of adult dentist visitations

Overall access rank	Constituency	Region	% of adults seen NHS dentist in last two years
322	Peterborough	East of England	20.20%
514	Plymouth Sutton and Devonport	South West	23.10%
74	Plymouth Moor View	South West	23.10%
104	North West Cambridgeshire	East of England	25.00%
332	Poplar and Limehouse	London	25.30%
311	Bethnal Green and Stepney	London	25.30%
295	Isle of Wight West	South East	25.70%
480	Isle of Wight East	South East	25.70%
473	Glastonbury and Somerton	South West	25.80%
406	Taunton and Wellington	South West	25.80%
349	Bridgwater	South West	25.80%
169	Yeovil	South West	25.80%
523	Hereford and South Herefordshire	Midlands	27.00%
72	North Herefordshire	Midlands	27.00%
540	Twickenham	London	28.10%
44	Frome and East Somerset	South West	28.60%
471	Swindon South	South West	28.80%
20	Swindon North	South West	28.80%
216	Wells and Mendip Hills	South West	28.80%
57	Stratford and Bow	London	28.90%

Table 7: Top 20 seats with lowest child dentist visitations

Overall access rank	Constituency	Region	% of adults seen NHS dentist in last two years
384	Hackney South and Shoreditch	London	38.30%
39	Hackney North and Stoke Newington	London	38.30%
473	Glastonbury and Somerton	South West	40.60%
406	Taunton and Wellington	South West	40.60%
349	Bridgwater	South West	40.60%
169	Yeovil	South West	40.60%
295	Isle of Wight West	South East	41.10%
480	Isle of Wight East	South East	41.10%
538	Finchley and Golders Green	London	41.50%
478	Hendon	London	41.50%
373	Chipping Barnet	London	41.50%
60	Mitcham and Morden	London	43.00%
375	Portsmouth North	South East	43.10%
147	Portsmouth South	South East	43.10%
514	Plymouth Sutton and Devonport	South West	43.60%
74	Plymouth Moor View	South West	43.60%
113	Tiverton and Minehead	South West	43.60%
47	Thurrock	East of England	43.70%
81	Filton and Bradley Stoke	South West	44.40%

The following seats appear on both lists, meaning they are arguably the places in England with the worst experience of dentistry, with access rates falling significantly below the national average for both adults and children.

Table 8: Constituencies with lowest rates of dental visits

Constituency	Adult access	Child access
Plymouth Sutton and Devonport	23.1%	43.6%
Plymouth Moor View	23.1%	43.6%
Isle of Wight West	25.7%	41.1%
Isle of Wight East	25.7%	41.1%
Glastonbury and Somerton	25.8%	40.6%
Taunton and Wellington	25.8%	40.6%
Bridgwater	25.8%	40.6%
Yeovil	25.8%	40.6%

The geography is striking: six of the eight are in the South West, with the other two on the Isle of Wight.

ii) A note on access data

Figures on the proportion of adults and children seen by an NHS dentist are drawn from NHS Business Services Authority data, published for England's upper-tier local authorities (counties, unitary authorities and London boroughs).

Because Westminster parliamentary constituencies do not always align with local authority boundaries, constituency-level figures were estimated by mapping each constituency against the local authorities it overlaps, using Office for National Statistics geography data, and taking a population-weighted average of the relevant local authorities' published rates.

This approach means that where a constituency sits entirely within a single local authority, its figure is the same as that local authority's published rate.

These figures reflect NHS activity only; people who use a private dentist, or who receive NHS treatment outside their home area, are not separately identified.

6. England and Scotland

This section broadens the picture from England alone to Great Britain, comparing NHS dental practice provision across all 600 Westminster constituencies - 543 in England and 57 in Scotland.

i) A note on comparability

Scotland's dental data is not the same as England's, and the comparison in this section is narrower than the England-only analysis above. Three points matter for how these figures should be read:

- **Different metric.** This section compares NHS dental practices per 100,000 residents only, the equivalent of Metric B in the England analysis. Scotland does not publish a directly comparable "adults seen by an NHS dentist in the last two years" figure on the same basis as NHS Business Services Authority data for England (Metric C), so no Scotland figure for patient access is able to be included. The comparison below is only a comparison of provision.
- **Different administrative definitions.** England's figures count practices holding an NHS contract; Scotland's count practices holding an NHS registration. These are functionally comparable as a measure of the geographic availability of NHS dental practices, but the underlying administrative and contractual arrangements differ between the two systems, which run under separate NHS bodies and separate funding and contracting arrangements.
- **Different data vintages.** Scottish practice data are from 31 March 2026; English practice data cover 2024–25; the population denominator used for both nations is the mid-2024 constituency estimate, to keep that element consistent.

The full methodology for Scotland can be found in the appendix.

With those caveats in place, the headline finding is straightforward: Scotland enjoys substantially stronger NHS dental provision than England, both at the national level and in almost every individual constituency.

ii) National comparison

Table 10: National summary of NHS dentist provision

Area	Constituencies	NHS practices	Per 100,000
Total	600	8,633	13.45
England	543	7,644	13.04
Scotland	57	989	17.83

Scotland has 17.83 NHS dental practices per 100,000 residents, against 13.04 in England, which is around 37% higher.

iii) The gap holds across almost every constituency, not just on average

This is not simply a difference in national totals driven by a handful of well-provided Scottish seats. The distributions of the two nations' constituencies barely overlap.

Table 11: Distribution of constituency rates

Measure	England	Scotland
25th percentile	10.45	14.40
Median (50th)	12.82	17.22
75th percentile	15.08	20.03

A typical (median) English constituency, at 12.82 practices per 100,000, sits below Scotland's lower quartile of 14.40. Half of Scottish constituencies out-perform three-quarters of English ones.

Every one of the 50 lowest-provision constituencies in the two countries is in England. Even Scotland's lowest-rate constituency, Cowdenbeath and Kirkcaldy (10.45 per 100,000), has a higher rate than 136 individual English constituencies.

Only 3 of Scotland's 57 constituencies fall below England's national average of 13.04 per 100,000, meaning 54 of 57 Scottish seats (95%) beat the English national rate outright.

Within England, the regional picture set out in Section 3 still applies - the Midlands and East of England have the weakest provision, London the strongest - but even London's favourable regional average of 19.20 per 100,000 sits only just above Scotland's national figure of 17.83. The best-served part of England is only as well provisioned as the average place in Scotland.

iv) What this means for the report's argument

The apportionment approach used elsewhere in this report to estimate constituency-level patient access for England (Section 4) has no Scottish equivalent in this dataset, so the Section 4 access analysis and the political analysis in Section 5 remain England-only. This section is evidence only towards the shape of NHS provision across Great Britain.

For a report about capital and investment in dental provision, the England–Scotland gap is nonetheless a relevant data point: it shows that a materially different level of NHS dental infrastructure is achievable within the UK, under a different funding and contracting system, and that England's shortage is not an inevitable feature of dentistry provision everywhere.



7. Conclusion

This report is primarily a work of analysis – we seek to shed new, local light on a national problem.

As such, we do not claim to offer the answers to the problem that we describe here – it is clearly beyond our scope to set out a detailed policy agenda that would address dental challenges.

Instead, we think that the place-based analysis here leads to some suggestions that policymakers should explore

There is already considerable agreement about many of the reforms required. The dental contract needs to make NHS dentistry more attractive and sustainable, while doing more to reward prevention and treatment of patients with greater needs. The country needs an adequate dental workforce and to make better use of the full range of skills within dental teams. Prevention needs to form a larger part of oral-health policy. Recent reforms have begun to address several of these issues, although the Government itself acknowledges that more fundamental contract reform remains necessary.

However, contract reform is likely to be necessary but not sufficient condition of adequate dental provision.

Our findings should also encourage a broadening of the debate about dental provision, to put more emphasis on the crucial role of dental practices as physical infrastructure. Dental staff numbers and training, the contracts and conditions that attach to them, are obviously vital. But dental practices as physical locations are clearly a vital aspect of this issue: ensuring that there are enough accessible practices in every place should be as much an objective of dental policy as increasing the number of dentists.

This place-based approach points us towards the devolution agenda, which should be expanded to take account of dentistry. The machinery for this already exists.

The English Devolution and Community Engagement Act 2026 creates new Strategic Authorities, which can include mayoral combined authorities and combined county authorities.

The fact that these authorities do not directly commission dental services does not mean they have no role there - quite the contrary. Their areas of competence include health and wellbeing: they have a statutory duty to have regard to improving health and reducing health inequalities. Mayors meanwhile have an explicit power to convene local partners on matters within their areas of competence.

The regional patterns identified in this report should spur these new actors to make use of these powers to seek locally-driven solutions to place-based needs. As a first step, this should mean bringing together NHS Integrated Commissioning Boards, local authorities, dental providers, education and skills bodies, and sources of private finance to identify areas of shortage and explore how local needs can best be met.

As a partner to dental practices across the country, Unity Trust Bank would be keen to play a part such conversations.

Good dentistry requires good clinicians and adequate public funding. It also requires viable practices in the right places, which means long-term investment and capital willing to support essential services where they are most needed. Central government, the NHS, local leaders and responsible financial institutions all have a part to play in meeting this challenge.

8. Bibliography

Dental challenges have worsened sharply since the Covid-19 pandemic that began in 2020. Since the pandemic began to ease, a substantial body of reporting and analysis has documented this dental problem. Key contributions include:

- British Dental Association / BBC investigation (August 2022) found that 90% of NHS dental practices across the UK were not accepting new adult patients, prompting the Health and Social Care Committee inquiry.
- Health and Social Care Committee, NHS Dentistry, Ninth Report of Session 2022–23 (HC 964), published 14 July 2023, concluded that NHS dentistry faces a "crisis of access" and called for urgent and fundamental reform of the NHS dental contract.
- Nuffield Trust, Bold action or slow decay? The state of NHS dentistry and future policy actions, policy briefing, January 2024, concluded that "universal dental care has likely gone for good" absent major reform.
- Onward, Smiles all round: Liberalising dentistry to improve access to NHS care, May 2024, proposed supply-side and regulatory reforms and highlighted regional disparities in access.
- National Audit Office, review of the Dental Recovery Plan, November 2024, assessed government progress against the February 2024 recovery plan commitments.
- House of Commons Library, NHS dentistry in England (CBP-9597, periodically updated) and How does access to NHS dentistry compare across areas in England? are the standard reference briefings on national and regional access statistics.
- Health and Social Care Committee, NHS Dentistry: follow-up (2025), revisited the 2023 findings to assess progress on reform and recovery.
- Nuffield Trust, The great extraction: the changing state of NHS general dental services in England, Harvey Seville and Mark Dayan, August 2026, is the most recent analysis of the shift from NHS to private provision at practice level (discussed further in Section 3).

9. Technical appendix and full results

i) Methodology & Limitations

1. Dental practice register. Practice-level data from the NHS Digital dental practice register. Commissioner type: 'NHS and private' (holds an NHS contract) or 'Private only'. Metric A counts both types; Metric B counts 'NHS and private' only. Non-English practices excluded.
2. Constituency assignment. Each practice assigned to a 2024-boundary constituency via its registered postcode, resolved via Postcodes.io. Practices with unresolvable postcodes or mapping to non-English constituencies excluded.
3. Population denominator. ONS mid-2024 constituency population estimates (FOI foi20263363, sheet 'Mid-2022 to mid-2024 PCON', column 'Mid-2024: Population'). These align with 2024 constituency boundaries.
4. Practice rates. Metric A = (All_Practices ÷ Total_Population) × 100,000. Metric B = (NHS_Practices ÷ Total_Population) × 100,000. Private gap = Metric A – Metric B.
5. NHS patients seen: apportionment from UTLA to constituency. NHSBSA Dental Statistics (2024–25) report Metrics C and D at upper-tier local authority (UTLA) level (153 UTLAs: E06 unitary authorities, E08 metropolitan boroughs, E09 London boroughs — already UTLAs and used directly — and E10 county councils). No sub-UTLA breakdown is published.
   - The ONS LSOA (2021) to Westminster Parliamentary Constituency (July 2024) Best Fit Lookup maps each LSOA to a constituency. Each LSOA's LAD21CD is mapped to its UTLA: E06/E08/E09 codes are already UTLAs and used directly; current E07 district codes are mapped to their parent E10 county via the ONS Local Authority to County and Unitary Authority (December 2024) Lookup; 17 pre-2023 E07 codes that no longer exist in the December 2024 lookup (from the 2023 Cumbria, North Yorkshire and Somerset local government reorganisations) are manually mapped to their successor E06 unitary authorities, recorded in legacy_lad_to_utla_mapping.csv.
   - LSOA populations from IoD 2025 File 7 (mid-2022) provide weights. For each UTLA–constituency pair, the apportionment weight is weight = pair_pop / constituency_total_pop, where pair_pop is the total LSOA population in that UTLA–constituency overlap and constituency_total_pop is the sum of pair_pop across all UTLAs overlapping that constituency. Weights sum to 1.0 within each constituency before any missing-value handling.
   - Two UTLAs are absent from NHSBSA data: City of London (E09000001) and Isles of Scilly (E06000053). For constituencies overlapping these UTLAs, weights are renormalised across available UTLAs: renorm_wt = pair_pop / sum(pair_pop for available UTLAs in constituency); weighted average = Σ(renorm_wt × NHSBSA_pct). Note: mid-2022 LSOA populations are used for apportionment weights; mid-2024 population is used as the rate denominator. This is the most appropriate combination of available sources.

6. Ranking. Ranked 1 (lowest) to 543 (highest) on Metric A. Tie-break: Metric B ascending, then alphabetical. rank() method='min': tied constituencies share a rank number.
7. National averages. All national figures are population-weighted: Σ(metric × Total_Population) ÷ Σ(Total_Population) across all 543 constituencies. National patients-seen averages (C, D) are population-weighted across all constituencies with a valid estimate, using constituency total population as weights.
8. Region assignment. Region is assigned from the GP report constituency-to-region lookup (gp_constituency_full_data.csv), which covers all 543 English constituencies. Two corrections applied: Forest of Dean - South West (was blank); Birmingham Ladywood - Midlands (was mis-labelled London in the GP data).

Scotland and Great Britain comparison

- Unit of analysis: Westminster parliamentary constituencies, 2024 boundaries (600: 543 England, 57 Scotland). Wales and Northern Ireland are out of scope for this comparison for reasons of data access and comparability.
- Metric: NHS-contracted dental practices per 100,000 population = (NHS practices in constituency ÷ constituency population) × 100,000.
- Practice counts:
  - England: as Step 1 above (7,644 practices; Welsh practices in the same source file excluded as out of scope).
  - Scotland: from the Public Health Scotland NHS dental practices list (989 practices, as at 31 March 2026). Each practice postcode was geocoded to its 2024 constituency using Postcodes.io; all 989 were assigned to one of the 57 Scottish constituencies, with none unresolved (976 resolved directly, 13 via nearest-point assignment from terminated postcodes).
- Population denominator: House of Commons Library mid-2024 constituency population estimates, used for both nations to ensure a single consistent denominator.
- Ranking: constituencies ranked 1 (lowest) to 600 (highest) on the full-precision rate.

Limitations

Practice counts reflect registered locations, not appointment availability. Patients-seen data (C, D) cover NHS activity only. NHSBSA apportionment from UTLA to constituency introduces a small approximation where a constituency straddles UTLAs with differing access rates. Two UTLAs (City of London, Isles of Scilly) are absent from NHSBSA data; affected constituencies are estimated from renormalised weights. LSOA apportionment weights are mid-2022 and may not fully reflect subsequent population change.

For the Scotland comparison in Section 6: the metric is a proxy for provision, not appointments or capacity, and does not capture whether a practice is accepting new NHS patients. Patients may access practices in neighbouring constituencies, so figures represent local provision rather than the complete set of practices realistically accessible to residents. Private-sector provision is out of scope for Scotland throughout, as no comparable Scotland-wide data exists. England counts practices holding NHS contracts; Scotland counts practices holding NHS registrations — functionally comparable but administratively distinct. Scottish practice data are as at 31 March 2026 against English data for 2024–25; population is mid-2024 for both. England's Index of Multiple Deprivation and Scotland's SIMD are not comparable, so no combined deprivation dimension is included in Section 6.

ii) Full results

England Only

For England's 543 Westminster Parliamentary Constituencies (2024 boundaries), two practice-density metrics are reported: (A) total dental practices, NHS-contracted and private, per 100,000 population; (B) NHS-contracted practices per 100,000 population. Two supplementary NHSBSA metrics cover adults seen by an NHS dentist in the previous two years and children seen in the previous year, apportioned from upper-tier local authority level. Constituencies are ranked 1 (lowest access) to 543 (highest access) on Metric A. Ties are broken by Metric B (ascending); remaining ties alphabetically.

Rank	Constituency	Region	All practices /100k	NHS /100k	Private gap	% Adults seen	% Children seen	Num. practices	Num. NHS practices	Population
1	Stoke-on-Trent South	Midlands	5.17	5.17	0.00	48.2%	61.8%	5	5	96,710
2	Bristol South	South West	6.48	6.48	0.00	36.5%	64.9%	7	7	107,944
3	Sherwood Forest	Midlands	6.52	6.52	0.00	43.1%	63.7%	7	7	107,420
4	Selby	North East and Yorkshire	6.64	6.64	0.00	38.8%	57.6%	7	7	105,353
5	Bolsover	Midlands	6.66	6.66	0.00	39.2%	63.3%	7	7	105,119
6	Mid Leicestershire	Midlands	6.70	6.70	0.00	36.0%	64.5%	7	7	104,533
7	South Northamptonshire	Midlands	6.78	4.85	1.94	32.0%	47.9%	7	5	103,180
8	Bristol North East	South West	6.82	6.82	0.00	34.6%	55.9%	7	7	102,663
9	Gainsborough	Midlands	7.06	6.05	1.01	41.2%	55.1%	7	6	99,208
10	South Norfolk	East of England	7.12	5.08	2.03	41.5%	52.3%	7	5	98,383
11	Braintree	East of England	7.37	7.37	0.00	36.7%	58.0%	8	8	108,544
12	South West Norfolk	East of England	7.49	6.55	0.94	41.5%	52.3%	8	7	106,800
13	South Derbyshire	Midlands	7.74	6.77	0.97	39.2%	63.3%	8	7	103,362
14	Hayes and Harlington	London	7.79	6.38	1.42	32.4%	47.3%	11	9	141,145
15	Northampton South	Midlands	7.85	6.10	1.74	32.0%	47.9%	9	7	114,719
16	Grantham and Bourne	Midlands	7.85	6.87	0.98	41.2%	55.1%	8	7	101,886
17	Birmingham Erdington	Midlands	7.93	7.93	0.00	44.1%	53.3%	10	10	126,168
18	Rayleigh and Wickford	East of England	8.02	6.01	2.00	36.7%	58.0%	8	6	99,804
19	East Ham	London	8.06	8.06	0.00	30.9%	49.2%	11	11	136,432
20	Swindon North	South West	8.09	6.29	1.80	28.8%	57.1%	9	7	111,224
21	Blackpool North and Fleetwood	North West	8.19	7.16	1.02	37.3%	57.4%	8	7	97,700
22	Ashfield	Midlands	8.19	7.17	1.02	43.1%	63.7%	8	7	97,640
23	Luton South and South Bedfordshire	East of England	8.20	7.46	0.75	32.2%	59.2%	11	10	134,115
24	Chatham and Aylesford	South East	8.23	6.40	1.83	41.2%	64.0%	9	7	109,309
25	Daventry	Midlands	8.24	7.33	0.92	31.9%	47.9%	9	8	109,214
26	Barking	London	8.42	8.42	0.00	40.3%	45.0%	12	12	142,513
27	Makerfield	North West	8.53	8.53	0.00	52.6%	63.0%	9	9	105,450
28	Amber Valley	Midlands	8.58	6.43	2.14	39.2%	63.3%	8	6	93,258
29	Brigg and Immingham	North East and Yorkshire	8.59	8.59	0.00	42.9%	57.3%	8	8	93,089

Rank	Constituency	Region	All practices /100k	NHS /100k	Private gap	% Adults seen	% Children seen	Num. practices	Num. NHS practices	Population
30	Bolton West	North West	8.77	7.79	0.97	42.7%	62.4%	9	8	102,636
31	Walthamstow	London	8.81	8.81	0.00	37.6%	53.3%	11	11	124,802
32	Cramlington and Killingworth	North East and Yorkshire	8.91	7.92	0.99	44.0%	60.5%	9	8	101,016
33	Stalybridge and Hyde	North West	9.00	9.00	0.00	47.1%	60.5%	9	9	99,949
34	Mid Norfolk	East of England	9.04	7.03	2.01	41.5%	52.3%	9	7	99,573
35	Ellesmere Port and Bromborough	North West	9.04	7.03	2.01	49.0%	66.8%	9	7	99,518
36	Broadland and Fakenham	East of England	9.27	7.21	2.06	41.5%	52.3%	9	7	97,108
37	Mid Bedfordshire	East of England	9.32	8.39	0.93	34.4%	54.2%	10	9	107,279
38	Wolverhampton South East	Midlands	9.35	9.35	0.00	41.6%	52.6%	12	12	128,335
39	Hackney North and Stoke Newington	London	9.37	8.52	0.85	32.7%	38.3%	11	10	117,415
40	Dagenham and Rainham	London	9.39	9.39	0.00	40.7%	46.6%	12	12	127,838
41	North East Derbyshire	Midlands	9.41	9.41	0.00	39.2%	63.3%	9	9	95,629
42	North West Leicestershire	Midlands	9.41	8.47	0.94	36.0%	64.5%	10	9	106,245
43	North East Cambridgeshire	East of England	9.53	8.58	0.95	39.9%	53.6%	10	9	104,896
44	Frome and East Somerset	South West	9.57	9.57	0.00	28.6%	47.9%	9	9	94,068
45	Coventry East	Midlands	9.58	8.78	0.80	55.5%	58.2%	12	11	125,325
46	Stoke-on-Trent North	Midlands	9.59	7.67	1.92	48.9%	61.8%	10	8	104,243
47	Thurrock	East of England	9.62	9.62	0.00	30.9%	43.7%	12	12	124,793
48	Clacton	East of England	9.71	8.74	0.97	36.7%	58.0%	10	9	103,017
49	St Neots and Mid Cambridgeshire	East of England	9.76	9.76	0.00	39.9%	53.6%	11	11	112,677
50	Bradford South	North East and Yorkshire	9.80	8.02	1.78	41.5%	58.9%	11	9	112,212
51	Ely and East Cambridgeshire	East of England	9.85	8.06	1.79	39.9%	53.6%	11	9	111,705
52	Waveney Valley	East of England	9.85	7.66	2.19	38.8%	55.7%	9	7	91,358
53	Telford	Midlands	9.92	9.92	0.00	51.6%	66.5%	11	11	110,885
54	Weston-super-Mare	South West	9.94	7.95	1.99	35.9%	57.2%	10	8	100,609

Rank	Constituency	Region	All practices /100k	NHS /100k	Private gap	% Adults seen	% Children seen	Num. practices	Num. NHS practices	Population
55	Penistone and Stocksbridge	North East and Yorkshire	9.95	8.85	1.11	52.6%	65.2%	9	8	90,420
56	Sleaford and North Hykeham	Midlands	10.03	9.03	1.00	41.2%	55.1%	10	9	99,687
57	Stratford and Bow	London	10.14	7.97	2.17	28.9%	48.9%	14	11	138,009
58	Enfield North	London	10.20	7.84	2.35	39.7%	50.3%	13	10	127,513
59	North Cotswolds	South West	10.30	7.21	3.09	34.7%	53.0%	10	7	97,068
60	Mitcham and Morden	London	10.30	9.51	0.79	39.9%	43.0%	13	12	126,180
61	North Warwickshire and Bedworth	Midlands	10.32	10.32	0.00	42.0%	59.8%	10	10	96,900
62	Rawmarsh and Conisbrough	North East and Yorkshire	10.37	10.37	0.00	54.6%	60.8%	10	10	96,470
63	Houghton and Sunderland South	North East and Yorkshire	10.37	10.37	0.00	36.6%	47.9%	11	11	106,116
64	Easington	North East and Yorkshire	10.40	10.40	0.00	37.3%	50.5%	10	10	96,193
65	Nuneaton	Midlands	10.44	9.49	0.95	42.0%	59.8%	11	10	105,402
66	South Holland and The Deepings	Midlands	10.50	7.88	2.63	41.2%	55.1%	12	9	114,249
67	Rossendale and Darwen	North West	10.53	10.53	0.00	50.6%	66.9%	11	11	104,420
68	Kingston upon Hull East	North East and Yorkshire	10.54	8.63	1.92	48.7%	62.6%	11	9	104,318
69	Thornbury and Yate	South West	10.70	10.70	0.00	32.1%	44.4%	11	11	102,839
70	Corby and East Northamptonshire	Midlands	10.75	6.61	4.13	31.5%	47.7%	13	8	120,984
71	Camborne and Redruth	South West	10.77	8.81	1.96	29.7%	53.6%	11	9	102,128
72	North Herefordshire	Midlands	10.78	8.62	2.16	27.0%	44.9%	10	8	92,765
73	Earley and Woodley	South East	10.79	7.19	3.60	35.5%	53.7%	12	8	111,218
74	Plymouth Moor View	South West	10.80	7.86	2.95	23.1%	43.6%	11	8	101,837
75	Buckingham and Bletchley	East of England	10.83	9.93	0.90	32.7%	53.2%	12	11	110,790
76	Hinckley and Bosworth	Midlands	10.87	9.88	0.99	36.0%	64.5%	11	10	101,237
77	Kenilworth and Southam	Midlands	10.96	7.97	2.99	42.0%	59.8%	11	8	100,362
78	Southport	North West	11.01	10.01	1.00	46.0%	59.2%	11	10	99,881

Rank	Constituency	Region	All practices /100k	NHS /100k	Private gap	% Adults seen	% Children seen	Num. practices	Num. NHS practices	Population
79	Tipton and Wednesbury	Midlands	11.07	11.07	0.00	48.8%	53.0%	13	13	117,414
80	North Bedfordshire	East of England	11.09	8.32	2.77	38.2%	55.2%	12	9	108,198
81	Filton and Bradley Stoke	South West	11.09	8.53	2.56	32.1%	44.4%	13	10	117,188
82	South Leicestershire	Midlands	11.12	8.34	2.78	36.0%	64.5%	12	9	107,867
83	Louth and Horncastle	Midlands	11.16	10.14	1.01	41.2%	55.1%	11	10	98,577
84	Leeds South West and Morley	North East and Yorkshire	11.18	10.16	1.02	42.8%	62.8%	11	10	98,405
85	Sheffield South East	North East and Yorkshire	11.20	10.27	0.93	53.9%	68.5%	12	11	107,135
86	Scunthorpe	Midlands	11.23	10.29	0.94	36.4%	45.8%	12	11	106,865
87	Dewsbury and Batley	North East and Yorkshire	11.23	11.23	0.00	49.0%	66.0%	12	12	106,850
88	Normanton and Hemsworth	North East and Yorkshire	11.24	10.31	0.94	44.7%	59.5%	12	11	106,733
89	Leigh and Atherton	North West	11.25	11.25	0.00	52.6%	63.0%	13	13	115,520
90	Kettering	Midlands	11.30	9.56	1.74	31.5%	47.7%	13	11	115,012
91	Spen Valley	North East and Yorkshire	11.32	11.32	0.00	49.0%	66.0%	11	11	97,202
92	South Suffolk	East of England	11.34	10.31	1.03	37.0%	58.0%	11	10	97,033
93	Erewash	Midlands	11.37	11.37	0.00	39.2%	63.3%	11	11	96,711
94	Southampton Test	South East	11.40	10.52	0.88	39.8%	54.7%	13	12	114,034
95	Jarrow and Gateshead East	North East and Yorkshire	11.41	11.41	0.00	61.9%	72.8%	11	11	96,434
96	South Basildon and East Thurrock	East of England	11.48	10.53	0.96	33.6%	50.3%	12	11	104,512
97	West Ham and Beckton	London	11.49	9.46	2.03	30.9%	49.2%	17	14	147,937
98	Lowestoft	East of England	11.52	11.52	0.00	37.0%	58.0%	11	11	95,463
99	Colne Valley	North East and Yorkshire	11.54	9.44	2.10	49.0%	66.0%	11	9	95,311
100	Middlesbrough and Thornaby East	North East and Yorkshire	11.55	9.90	1.65	38.1%	51.4%	14	12	121,218
101	Mid Sussex	South East	11.57	11.57	0.00	40.2%	58.2%	12	12	103,756
102	Tamworth	Midlands	11.57	9.64	1.93	34.6%	61.3%	12	10	103,687

Rank	Constituency	Region	All practices /100k	NHS /100k	Private gap	% Adults seen	% Children seen	Num. practices	Num. NHS practices	Population
103	Manchester Rusholme	North West	11.58	10.75	0.83	41.2%	64.3%	14	13	120,950
104	North West Cambridgeshire	East of England	11.59	6.62	4.97	25.0%	51.7%	14	8	120,838
105	Whitehaven and Workington	North East and Yorkshire	11.60	9.49	2.11	33.1%	46.6%	11	9	94,806
106	Ossett and Denby Dale	North East and Yorkshire	11.62	10.56	1.06	46.0%	61.5%	11	10	94,656
107	Maldon	East of England	11.62	11.62	0.00	36.7%	58.0%	12	12	103,246
108	Coventry North West	Midlands	11.64	11.64	0.00	55.5%	58.2%	13	13	111,692
109	St Helens North	North West	11.69	11.69	0.00	51.2%	65.2%	12	12	102,642
110	Slough	South East	11.69	11.01	0.69	38.8%	52.5%	17	16	145,376
111	Luton North	East of England	11.71	10.03	1.67	32.2%	59.9%	14	12	119,593
112	Bassetlaw	Midlands	11.74	10.84	0.90	43.1%	63.7%	13	12	110,743
113	Tiverton and Minehead	South West	11.82	10.75	1.07	31.6%	43.6%	11	10	93,065
114	Newark	Midlands	11.82	11.82	0.00	43.1%	63.7%	13	13	109,963
115	Nottingham North and Kimberley	Midlands	11.83	10.01	1.82	49.2%	68.2%	13	11	109,887
116	Birmingham Selly Oak	Midlands	11.84	10.93	0.91	44.1%	53.3%	13	12	109,804
117	South Cambridgeshire	East of England	11.87	9.13	2.74	39.9%	53.6%	13	10	109,509
118	Castle Point	East of England	11.88	9.72	2.16	36.7%	58.0%	11	9	92,595
119	Exmouth and Exeter East	South West	11.90	7.32	4.58	38.6%	47.3%	13	8	109,223
120	Birmingham Hodge Hill and Solihull North	Midlands	11.96	11.96	0.00	43.2%	52.9%	15	15	125,440
121	Birmingham Perry Barr	Midlands	11.97	11.97	0.00	44.1%	53.3%	15	15	125,283
122	Ribble Valley	North West	11.97	8.29	3.68	38.9%	62.7%	13	9	108,574
123	Hamble Valley	South East	12.02	10.17	1.85	39.4%	56.5%	13	11	108,189
124	Barnsley South	North East and Yorkshire	12.04	12.04	0.00	50.5%	60.1%	13	13	107,953
125	Didcot and Wantage	South East	12.10	10.37	1.73	38.9%	53.8%	14	12	115,695
126	Coventry South	Midlands	12.12	9.85	2.27	55.5%	58.2%	16	13	132,009
127	Blackley and Middleton South	North West	12.14	11.27	0.87	41.5%	63.8%	14	13	115,363
128	West Bromwich	Midlands	12.21	11.34	0.87	48.7%	53.7%	14	13	114,660

Rank	Constituency	Region	All practices /100k	NHS /100k	Private gap	% Adults seen	% Children seen	Num. practices	Num. NHS practices	Population
129	Chester South and Eddisbury	North West	12.21	8.14	4.07	47.6%	68.9%	12	8	98,252
130	Reading Central	South East	12.23	8.97	3.26	37.7%	69.6%	15	11	122,660
131	East Thanet	South East	12.24	8.47	3.77	33.7%	56.1%	13	9	106,234
132	Broxtowe	Midlands	12.25	9.19	3.06	43.1%	63.7%	12	9	97,960
133	Bristol East	South West	12.25	10.50	1.75	36.5%	64.9%	14	12	114,286
134	Bolton South and Walkden	North West	12.26	12.26	0.00	42.2%	62.2%	16	16	130,467
135	St Ives	South West	12.28	11.16	1.12	29.7%	53.6%	11	10	89,575
136	Melton and Syston	Midlands	12.28	9.21	3.07	36.0%	64.5%	12	9	97,716
137	Pontefract, Castleford and Knottingley	North East and Yorkshire	12.36	12.36	0.00	44.7%	59.5%	13	13	105,210
138	Congleton	North West	12.42	12.42	0.00	48.3%	68.5%	12	12	96,644
139	Chorley	North West	12.49	11.53	0.96	38.9%	62.7%	13	12	104,093
140	Nottingham South	Midlands	12.49	12.49	0.00	50.3%	69.1%	14	14	112,068
141	Wokingham	South East	12.51	10.59	1.92	34.8%	48.5%	13	11	103,897
142	Peckham	London	12.52	11.62	0.89	39.2%	51.4%	14	13	111,865
143	Solihull West and Shirley	Midlands	12.52	9.39	3.13	39.6%	51.1%	12	9	95,881
144	Redcar	North East and Yorkshire	12.55	11.50	1.05	66.5%	87.7%	12	11	95,623
145	Sheffield Heeley	North East and Yorkshire	12.59	11.69	0.90	53.9%	68.5%	14	13	111,222
146	Runcorn and Helsby	North West	12.61	11.56	1.05	46.5%	57.6%	12	11	95,187
147	Portsmouth South	South East	12.64	10.83	1.81	30.4%	43.1%	14	12	110,803
148	Sheffield Hallam	North East and Yorkshire	12.64	10.53	2.11	53.9%	68.5%	12	10	94,948
149	Bishop Auckland	North East and Yorkshire	12.67	11.61	1.06	37.3%	50.5%	12	11	94,708
150	Herne Bay and Sandwich	South East	12.68	8.78	3.90	33.7%	56.1%	13	9	102,520
151	Maidenhead	South East	12.68	11.78	0.91	39.4%	56.9%	14	13	110,380
152	Forest of Dean	South West	12.70	12.70	0.00	34.7%	53.0%	12	12	94,516
153	Widnes and Halewood	North West	12.71	12.71	0.00	43.6%	53.9%	12	12	94,423
154	Birkenhead	North West	12.75	12.75	0.00	52.3%	62.1%	14	14	109,787
155	Derby South	Midlands	12.76	12.76	0.00	45.6%	68.6%	16	16	125,397
156	Bognor Regis and Littlehampton	South East	12.84	11.92	0.92	40.2%	58.2%	14	13	109,075
157	Wellingborough and Rushden	Midlands	12.84	12.84	0.00	31.5%	47.7%	15	15	116,830

Rank	Constituency	Region	All practices /100k	NHS /100k	Private gap	% Adults seen	% Children seen	Num. practices	Num. NHS practices	Population
158	Liverpool West Derby	North West	12.85	12.85	0.00	38.1%	58.7%	13	13	101,144
159	Lichfield	Midlands	12.87	10.89	1.98	34.6%	61.3%	13	11	101,003
160	Erith and Thamesmead	London	12.89	12.89	0.00	42.1%	56.4%	18	18	139,591
161	Liverpool Riverside	North West	12.92	7.60	5.32	38.2%	59.2%	17	10	131,612
162	West Suffolk	East of England	12.94	10.52	2.43	37.0%	58.0%	16	13	123,616
163	Sheffield Brightside and Hillsborough	North East and Yorkshire	13.01	13.01	0.00	53.9%	68.5%	15	15	115,336
164	Redditch	Midlands	13.02	13.02	0.00	34.4%	57.7%	13	13	99,868
165	Calder Valley	North East and Yorkshire	13.05	13.05	0.00	47.3%	63.9%	13	13	99,580
166	Beverley and Holderness	North East and Yorkshire	13.06	11.97	1.09	34.6%	50.5%	12	11	91,881
167	Banbury	South East	13.06	11.20	1.87	38.9%	53.8%	14	12	107,187
168	Mansfield	Midlands	13.09	12.15	0.93	43.1%	63.7%	14	13	106,964
169	Yeovil	South West	13.11	12.17	0.94	25.8%	40.6%	14	13	106,814
170	Shipley	North East and Yorkshire	13.14	9.10	4.04	41.5%	58.9%	13	9	98,904
171	Kingston upon Hull North and Cottingham	North East and Yorkshire	13.15	8.22	4.93	46.5%	60.7%	16	10	121,649
172	Southampton Itchen	South East	13.16	11.40	1.75	39.8%	54.7%	15	13	114,013
173	Milton Keynes Central	East of England	13.17	8.78	4.39	32.4%	52.9%	18	12	136,669
174	Hyndburn	North West	13.23	13.23	0.00	38.9%	62.7%	13	13	98,266
175	St Helens South and Whiston	North West	13.23	13.23	0.00	49.6%	64.2%	13	13	98,254
176	Hartlepool	North East and Yorkshire	13.24	12.22	1.02	40.0%	54.0%	13	12	98,180
177	Blackpool South	North West	13.32	12.43	0.89	33.9%	46.5%	15	14	112,596
178	Hitchin	East of England	13.33	13.33	0.00	38.5%	57.8%	14	14	105,041
179	Southend West and Leigh	East of England	13.33	9.52	3.81	50.0%	63.4%	14	10	105,018
180	Havant	South East	13.36	11.30	2.05	39.4%	56.5%	13	11	97,335
181	Halesowen	Midlands	13.39	12.36	1.03	49.3%	48.8%	13	12	97,115
182	Central Devon	South West	13.39	9.27	4.12	38.6%	47.3%	13	9	97,093
183	Reading West and Mid Berkshire	South East	13.39	13.39	0.00	34.2%	58.9%	13	13	97,093
184	Ashton-under-Lyne	North West	13.39	12.44	0.96	47.1%	60.5%	14	13	104,543

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185	Bootle	North West	13.43	12.47	0.96	47.5%	58.5%	14	13	104,269
186	Central Suffolk and North Ipswich	East of England	13.46	11.39	2.07	37.0%	58.0%	13	11	96,582
187	Washington and Gateshead South	North East and Yorkshire	13.48	13.48	0.00	40.2%	51.0%	13	13	96,433
188	Warrington North	North West	13.49	11.41	2.07	41.7%	58.5%	13	11	96,390
189	Middlesbrough South and East Cleveland	North East and Yorkshire	13.52	13.52	0.00	51.0%	67.3%	13	13	96,154
190	Uxbridge and South Ruislip	London	13.53	12.74	0.80	32.4%	47.3%	17	16	125,632
191	North West Norfolk	East of England	13.54	10.64	2.90	41.5%	52.3%	14	11	103,364
192	Mid Buckinghamshire	South East	13.54	6.77	6.77	33.2%	53.6%	14	7	103,361
193	Birmingham Yardley	Midlands	13.58	12.73	0.85	44.1%	53.3%	16	15	117,836
194	Wolverhampton North East	Midlands	13.59	13.59	0.00	41.7%	53.3%	15	15	110,383
195	Boston and Skegness	Midlands	13.60	11.05	2.55	41.2%	55.1%	16	13	117,686
196	Stockton West	North East and Yorkshire	13.61	12.56	1.05	43.5%	62.9%	13	12	95,532
197	Leeds West and Pudsey	North East and Yorkshire	13.63	11.68	1.95	42.8%	62.8%	14	12	102,721
198	Liverpool Walton	North West	13.67	13.67	0.00	38.8%	59.2%	14	14	102,441
199	Salford	North West	13.68	12.96	0.72	41.3%	61.8%	19	18	138,841
200	Harwich and North Essex	East of England	13.68	8.80	4.89	36.7%	58.0%	14	9	102,303
201	Liverpool Garston	North West	13.70	11.59	2.11	38.2%	59.2%	13	11	94,876
202	Bradford East	North East and Yorkshire	13.71	12.10	1.61	41.5%	58.9%	17	15	123,969
203	Birmingham Northfield	Midlands	13.71	13.71	0.00	44.1%	53.3%	15	15	109,370
204	Norwich North	East of England	13.74	11.77	1.96	41.5%	52.3%	14	12	101,920
205	Winchester	South East	13.75	11.92	1.83	39.4%	56.5%	15	13	109,065
206	Horsham	South East	13.80	12.88	0.92	40.2%	58.2%	15	14	108,700
207	Rother Valley	North East and Yorkshire	13.82	10.63	3.19	51.4%	59.0%	13	10	94,085
208	Aldridge-Brownhills	Midlands	13.83	12.77	1.06	41.2%	50.1%	13	12	93,971
209	Tewkesbury	South West	13.88	5.95	7.93	34.7%	53.0%	14	6	100,835
210	North Cornwall	South West	13.88	12.89	0.99	29.7%	53.6%	14	13	100,832

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211	Gloucester	South West	13.89	11.44	2.45	34.7%	53.0%	17	14	122,420
212	Liverpool Wavertree	North West	13.90	13.90	0.00	38.2%	59.2%	15	15	107,913
213	Great Yarmouth	East of England	13.93	12.93	0.99	41.5%	52.3%	14	13	100,529
214	Burnley	North West	13.93	12.19	1.74	38.9%	62.7%	16	14	114,851
215	Skipton and Ripon	North West	13.96	11.97	1.99	37.7%	56.1%	14	12	100,269
216	Wells and Mendip Hills	South West	13.99	12.91	1.08	28.8%	45.5%	13	12	92,935
217	East Worthing and Shoreham	South East	13.99	11.99	2.00	40.2%	58.2%	14	12	100,078
218	South West Devon	South West	14.04	12.04	2.01	29.7%	45.2%	14	12	99,686
219	Droitwich and Evesham	Midlands	14.06	10.31	3.75	34.4%	57.7%	15	11	106,710
220	Worcester	Midlands	14.06	11.25	2.81	34.4%	57.7%	15	12	106,671
221	Bicester and Woodstock	South East	14.06	12.19	1.88	38.9%	53.8%	15	13	106,660
222	Doncaster North	North East and Yorkshire	14.11	14.11	0.00	62.3%	64.9%	14	14	99,193
223	Tonbridge	South East	14.12	13.12	1.01	33.7%	56.1%	14	13	99,120
224	Ealing North	London	14.13	12.64	1.49	42.6%	61.9%	19	17	134,468
225	Oxford East	South East	14.14	12.48	1.66	38.9%	53.8%	17	15	120,232
226	Warrington South	North West	14.15	13.20	0.94	41.7%	58.5%	15	14	106,028
227	Blyth and Ashington	North East and Yorkshire	14.16	13.21	0.94	44.7%	59.8%	15	14	105,952
228	Newcastle upon Tyne East and Wallsend	North East and Yorkshire	14.16	14.16	0.00	44.7%	59.7%	17	17	120,018
229	Newton Aycliffe and Spennymoor	North East and Yorkshire	14.20	13.19	1.01	37.3%	50.5%	14	13	98,579
230	Barrow and Furness	North West	14.21	10.15	4.06	35.0%	58.8%	14	10	98,553
231	North West Hampshire	South East	14.21	11.54	2.66	39.4%	56.5%	16	13	112,627
232	North East Hertfordshire	East of England	14.22	12.32	1.90	44.0%	61.3%	15	13	105,503
233	Bury North	North West	14.22	13.27	0.95	48.5%	60.0%	15	14	105,497
234	Stoke-on-Trent Central	Midlands	14.25	14.25	0.00	53.4%	62.0%	17	17	119,339
235	Wycombe	South East	14.25	13.36	0.89	33.2%	53.6%	16	15	112,299
236	South Ribble	North West	14.27	14.27	0.00	38.9%	62.7%	14	14	98,128
237	Faversham and Mid Kent	South East	14.29	11.43	2.86	33.7%	56.1%	15	12	104,995
238	Blackburn	North West	14.29	12.61	1.68	66.5%	72.5%	17	15	118,957

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239	Chelmsford	East of England	14.34	10.75	3.58	36.7%	58.0%	16	12	111,606
240	North Durham	North East and Yorkshire	14.35	12.30	2.05	37.3%	50.5%	14	12	97,555
241	Halifax	North East and Yorkshire	14.37	12.57	1.80	47.3%	63.9%	16	14	111,349
242	North East Somerset and Hanham	South West	14.37	11.29	3.08	32.6%	53.1%	14	11	97,419
243	Milton Keynes North	East of England	14.38	8.63	5.75	32.4%	52.9%	15	9	104,281
244	Edmonton and Winchmore Hill	London	14.39	13.59	0.80	39.7%	50.3%	18	17	125,096
245	Walsall and Bloxwich	Midlands	14.39	11.99	2.40	41.2%	50.1%	18	15	125,080
246	Worsley and Eccles	North West	14.41	14.41	0.00	42.9%	62.0%	16	16	111,068
247	Cannock Chase	Midlands	14.41	13.45	0.96	34.6%	61.3%	15	14	104,088
248	Islington North	London	14.41	11.71	2.70	36.7%	56.1%	16	13	111,022
249	Wyre Forest	Midlands	14.44	14.44	0.00	34.4%	57.7%	15	15	103,913
250	Tottenham	London	14.45	14.45	0.00	42.7%	60.6%	20	20	138,441
251	Oldham West, Chadderton and Royton	North West	14.45	13.60	0.85	53.0%	62.4%	17	16	117,632
252	Aldershot	South East	14.45	13.65	0.80	39.4%	56.5%	18	17	124,531
253	Bexleyheath and Crayford	London	14.49	13.52	0.97	38.9%	51.3%	15	14	103,552
254	Lewisham North	London	14.50	11.09	3.41	54.1%	57.9%	17	13	117,247
255	Rugby	Midlands	14.53	11.97	2.56	42.0%	59.8%	17	14	116,998
256	Rutland and Stamford	Midlands	14.53	13.49	1.04	36.1%	54.7%	14	13	96,350
257	Welwyn Hatfield	East of England	14.54	11.98	2.57	44.0%	61.3%	17	14	116,887
258	Doncaster East and the Isle of Axholme	North East and Yorkshire	14.55	14.55	0.00	56.0%	60.2%	14	14	96,228
259	Chingford and Woodford Green	London	14.56	11.83	2.73	39.2%	54.7%	16	13	109,870
260	Leyton and Wanstead	London	14.56	12.85	1.71	38.8%	54.4%	17	15	116,726
261	Worthing West	South East	14.58	13.61	0.97	40.2%	58.2%	15	14	102,846
262	Harlow	East of England	14.62	12.04	2.58	36.7%	58.0%	17	14	116,250
263	West Worcestershire	Midlands	14.63	9.75	4.88	34.4%	57.7%	15	10	102,513
264	Mid Derbyshire	Midlands	14.64	14.64	0.00	42.1%	65.7%	13	13	88,822
265	East Surrey	South East	14.65	13.67	0.98	38.9%	55.2%	15	14	102,392

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266	Wigan	North West	14.66	14.66	0.00	52.6%	63.0%	16	16	109,162
267	St Austell and Newquay	South West	14.71	9.81	4.90	29.7%	53.6%	15	10	101,984
268	Goole and Pocklington	North East and Yorkshire	14.75	11.06	3.69	34.6%	50.5%	16	12	108,507
269	Stockport	North West	14.76	13.83	0.92	51.8%	62.8%	16	15	108,432
270	Rochdale	North West	14.81	12.96	1.85	42.9%	61.6%	16	14	108,019
271	Leicester East	Midlands	14.85	14.07	0.78	42.7%	68.9%	19	18	127,904
272	Blaydon and Consett	North East and Yorkshire	14.90	14.90	0.00	46.3%	57.3%	14	14	93,967
273	Brentwood and Ongar	East of England	14.90	9.93	4.97	36.7%	58.0%	15	10	100,663
274	Streatham and Croydon North	London	14.91	14.91	0.00	43.2%	57.9%	18	18	120,754
275	Folkestone and Hythe	South East	14.93	12.80	2.13	33.7%	56.1%	14	12	93,782
276	Northampton North	Midlands	14.95	14.21	0.75	32.0%	47.9%	20	19	133,743
277	North Norfolk	East of England	14.95	11.50	3.45	41.5%	52.3%	13	10	86,929
278	Sefton Central	North West	15.00	15.00	0.00	47.5%	58.5%	14	14	93,352
279	Eltham and Chislehurst	London	15.02	12.37	2.65	41.4%	58.9%	17	14	113,218
280	Smethwick	Midlands	15.02	14.19	0.83	48.7%	53.7%	18	17	119,808
281	East Hampshire	South East	15.06	8.60	6.45	39.4%	56.5%	14	8	92,992
282	Lincoln	Midlands	15.07	12.56	2.51	41.2%	55.1%	18	15	119,443
283	Heywood and Middleton North	North West	15.09	15.09	0.00	42.9%	61.6%	16	16	106,043
284	Lewisham West and East Dulwich	London	15.10	15.10	0.00	49.0%	55.7%	15	15	99,311
285	Gorton and Denton	North West	15.11	14.27	0.84	42.9%	63.2%	18	17	119,094
286	Bolton North East	North West	15.12	11.76	3.36	42.7%	62.4%	18	14	119,077
287	Arundel and South Downs	South East	15.13	13.11	2.02	40.2%	58.2%	15	13	99,148
288	Staffordshire Moorlands	Midlands	15.14	13.97	1.16	34.6%	61.3%	13	12	85,882
289	Dover and Deal	South East	15.14	9.46	5.68	33.7%	56.1%	16	10	105,667
290	Croydon East	London	15.18	13.39	1.79	39.4%	50.6%	17	15	111,995
291	Ilford South	London	15.18	13.74	1.45	41.8%	56.1%	21	19	138,320
292	Mid Cheshire	North West	15.19	15.19	0.00	47.5%	68.9%	15	15	98,761
293	Leeds East	North East and Yorkshire	15.21	11.83	3.38	42.8%	62.8%	18	14	118,364
294	Witney	South East	15.22	12.36	2.85	38.9%	53.8%	16	13	105,143
295	Isle of Wight West	South East	15.22	8.30	6.92	25.7%	41.1%	11	6	72,273
296	High Peak	Midlands	15.22	11.96	3.26	39.2%	63.3%	14	11	91,959

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297	Lewisham East	London	15.27	14.43	0.85	54.1%	57.9%	18	17	117,847
298	Torridge and Tavistock	South West	15.36	10.24	5.12	38.6%	47.3%	15	10	97,655
299	Dartford	South East	15.37	13.66	1.71	33.7%	56.1%	18	16	117,149
300	West Lancashire	North West	15.37	15.37	0.00	38.9%	62.7%	16	16	104,126
301	Bury South	North West	15.38	14.47	0.90	47.6%	60.2%	17	16	110,558
302	Gosport	South East	15.39	15.39	0.00	39.4%	56.5%	15	15	97,447
303	Kingswinford and South Staffordshire	Midlands	15.42	14.31	1.10	40.8%	55.6%	14	13	90,820
304	Canterbury	South East	15.44	11.80	3.63	33.7%	56.1%	17	13	110,138
305	Eastleigh	South East	15.50	9.30	6.20	39.4%	56.5%	15	9	96,778
306	Gedling	Midlands	15.51	15.51	0.00	43.1%	63.7%	16	16	103,187
307	Maidstone and Malling	South East	15.53	12.08	3.45	33.7%	56.1%	18	14	115,913
308	South Shropshire	Midlands	15.56	13.49	2.07	36.0%	59.1%	15	13	96,401
309	Derby North	Midlands	15.57	12.82	2.75	45.6%	68.6%	17	14	109,165
310	Birmingham Ladywood	Midlands	15.58	13.78	1.80	44.1%	53.3%	26	23	166,910
311	Bethnal Green and Stepney	London	15.59	14.11	1.49	25.3%	48.3%	21	19	134,660
312	Stevenage	East of England	15.62	13.66	1.95	44.0%	61.3%	16	14	102,464
313	Bury St Edmunds and Stowmarket	East of England	15.64	12.88	2.76	37.0%	58.0%	17	14	108,700
314	Newcastle upon Tyne Central and West	North East and Yorkshire	15.66	14.95	0.71	45.6%	58.5%	22	21	140,482
315	Godalming and Ash	South East	15.66	14.68	0.98	38.9%	55.2%	16	15	102,165
316	Great Grimsby and Cleethorpes	North East and Yorkshire	15.70	12.93	2.77	48.2%	66.7%	17	14	108,309
317	Romford	London	15.77	10.51	5.26	41.4%	49.1%	18	12	114,165
318	Keighley and Ilkley	North East and Yorkshire	15.77	11.83	3.94	41.5%	58.9%	16	12	101,455
319	Birmingham Hall Green and Moseley	Midlands	15.77	14.94	0.83	44.1%	53.3%	19	18	120,469
320	Sussex Weald	South East	15.77	14.72	1.05	42.3%	58.6%	15	14	95,101
321	Sevenoaks	South East	15.81	12.84	2.96	33.7%	56.1%	16	13	101,230
322	Peterborough	East of England	15.83	14.32	1.51	20.2%	51.1%	21	19	132,644
323	Reigate	South East	15.84	12.32	3.52	38.9%	55.2%	18	14	113,609
324	Brentford and Isleworth	London	15.87	12.84	3.02	42.1%	59.8%	21	17	132,350
325	Croydon West	London	15.91	12.12	3.79	39.4%	50.6%	21	16	131,983

Rank	Constituency	Region	All practices /100k	NHS /100k	Private gap	% Adults seen	% Children seen	Num. practices	Num. NHS practices	Population
326	Rushcliffe	Midlands	15.96	13.14	2.82	43.1%	63.7%	17	14	106,531
327	Weald of Kent	South East	15.99	9.99	6.00	33.7%	56.1%	16	10	100,068
328	Thirsk and Malton	North East and Yorkshire	16.02	13.02	3.00	37.7%	56.1%	16	13	99,866
329	Morecambe and Lunesdale	North West	16.03	15.03	1.00	38.2%	62.2%	16	15	99,811
330	Brent East	London	16.04	16.04	0.00	39.0%	56.3%	22	22	137,143
331	Preston	North West	16.05	12.84	3.21	38.9%	62.7%	20	16	124,602
332	Poplar and Limehouse	London	16.07	10.71	5.36	25.3%	48.3%	24	16	149,371
333	Burton and Uttoxeter	Midlands	16.10	15.25	0.85	34.6%	61.3%	19	18	118,018
334	Hertford and Stortford	East of England	16.12	10.74	5.37	44.0%	61.3%	18	12	111,685
335	South East Cornwall	South West	16.12	8.60	7.52	29.7%	53.6%	15	8	93,053
336	Henley and Thame	South East	16.18	15.17	1.01	38.9%	53.8%	16	15	98,899
337	Farnham and Bordon	South East	16.18	11.42	4.76	39.1%	55.7%	17	12	105,075
338	Leicester West	Midlands	16.22	14.74	1.47	42.7%	68.9%	22	20	135,667
339	Dudley	Midlands	16.24	15.28	0.96	49.4%	47.7%	17	16	104,687
340	Bexhill and Battle	South East	16.25	13.00	3.25	42.3%	58.6%	15	12	92,284
341	Gravesham	South East	16.26	14.46	1.81	33.7%	56.1%	18	16	110,671
342	Wallasey	North West	16.28	14.25	2.04	52.3%	62.1%	16	14	98,251
343	Brighton Kemptown and Peacehaven	South East	16.30	16.30	0.00	39.5%	62.8%	16	16	98,152
344	North West Essex	East of England	16.33	9.07	7.26	36.7%	58.0%	18	10	110,257
345	Aylesbury	South East	16.33	12.04	4.30	33.2%	53.6%	19	14	116,323
346	Feltham and Heston	London	16.38	15.67	0.71	43.2%	60.9%	23	22	140,412
347	Romsey and Southampton North	South East	16.39	12.53	3.86	39.5%	56.0%	17	13	103,718
348	Clapham and Brixton Hill	London	16.40	15.44	0.96	46.7%	64.7%	17	16	103,651
349	Bridgwater	South West	16.41	14.48	1.93	25.8%	40.6%	17	15	103,600
350	Derbyshire Dales	Midlands	16.41	13.13	3.28	39.2%	63.3%	15	12	91,388
351	Dorking and Horley	South East	16.44	13.36	3.08	38.9%	55.2%	16	13	97,333
352	Basingstoke	South East	16.51	13.03	3.48	39.4%	56.5%	19	15	115,085
353	Hazel Grove	North West	16.54	13.44	3.10	51.8%	62.8%	16	13	96,717
354	Witham	East of England	16.55	12.87	3.68	36.7%	58.0%	18	14	108,748
355	Manchester Central	North West	16.55	12.95	3.60	43.1%	64.0%	23	18	138,945

Rank	Constituency	Region	All practices /100k	NHS /100k	Private gap	% Adults seen	% Children seen	Num. practices	Num. NHS practices	Population
356	South Shields	North East and Yorkshire	16.59	15.48	1.11	65.6%	77.7%	15	14	90,422
357	Stone, Great Wyrley and Penkridge	Midlands	16.61	13.49	3.11	34.6%	61.3%	16	13	96,350
358	Wythenshawe and Sale East	North West	16.64	14.88	1.75	49.5%	67.5%	19	17	114,215
359	Ealing Southall	London	16.64	13.61	3.02	42.6%	61.9%	22	18	132,243
360	Leeds South	North East and Yorkshire	16.64	13.62	3.03	42.8%	62.8%	22	18	132,173
361	Barnsley North	North East and Yorkshire	16.71	16.71	0.00	50.5%	60.1%	18	18	107,727
362	Fylde	North West	16.76	13.80	2.96	38.9%	62.7%	17	14	101,421
363	Suffolk Coastal	East of England	16.79	15.74	1.05	37.0%	58.0%	16	15	95,308
364	Melksham and Devizes	South West	16.79	14.69	2.10	32.6%	51.2%	16	14	95,301
365	North Devon	South West	16.79	8.89	7.90	38.6%	47.3%	17	9	101,222
366	Leeds North West	North East and Yorkshire	16.81	12.61	4.20	42.8%	62.8%	16	12	95,167
367	East Grinstead and Uckfield	South East	16.83	15.84	0.99	41.1%	58.4%	17	16	101,008
368	Wetherby and Easingwold	North East and Yorkshire	16.96	11.66	5.30	40.0%	59.1%	16	11	94,326
369	Stroud	South West	17.11	14.09	3.02	34.7%	53.0%	17	14	99,374
370	Sittingbourne and Sheppey	South East	17.16	15.44	1.72	33.7%	56.1%	20	18	116,581
371	Knowsley	North West	17.16	16.15	1.01	37.8%	57.0%	17	16	99,058
372	North East Hampshire	South East	17.18	13.36	3.82	39.4%	56.5%	18	14	104,791
373	Chipping Barnet	London	17.22	12.92	4.31	29.6%	41.5%	20	15	116,131
374	Warwick and Leamington	Midlands	17.26	14.53	2.72	42.0%	59.8%	19	16	110,108
375	Portsmouth North	South East	17.39	14.49	2.90	30.4%	43.1%	18	15	103,518
376	Rotherham	North East and Yorkshire	17.42	15.68	1.74	51.4%	59.0%	20	18	114,818
377	Loughborough	Midlands	17.44	14.53	2.91	36.0%	64.5%	18	15	103,234
378	Huntingdon	East of England	17.49	15.74	1.75	39.9%	53.6%	20	18	114,378
379	Southend East and Rochford	East of England	17.62	11.75	5.87	47.1%	62.2%	18	12	102,160
380	Dunstable and Leighton Buzzard	East of England	17.72	16.04	1.69	31.8%	53.5%	21	19	118,490

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381	Spelthorne	South East	17.74	14.01	3.74	38.9%	55.2%	19	15	107,074
382	Darlington	North East and Yorkshire	17.77	16.79	0.99	46.3%	61.7%	18	17	101,267
383	Greenwich and Woolwich	London	17.79	12.13	5.66	43.8%	59.2%	22	15	123,686
384	Hackney South and Shoreditch	London	17.81	13.57	4.24	32.7%	38.3%	21	16	117,917
385	Gillingham and Rainham	South East	17.82	15.94	1.88	44.3%	67.2%	19	17	106,621
386	Bridlington and The Wolds	North East and Yorkshire	17.84	9.45	8.40	34.6%	50.5%	17	9	95,271
387	Oldham East and Saddleworth	North West	17.86	16.07	1.79	53.0%	62.4%	20	18	112,010
388	Newton Abbot	South West	17.90	12.64	5.27	38.6%	47.3%	17	12	94,947
389	York Outer	North East and Yorkshire	17.92	12.65	5.27	34.6%	69.2%	17	12	94,870
390	Vauxhall and Camberwell Green	London	17.94	13.22	4.72	44.5%	60.9%	19	14	105,885
391	Basildon and Billericay	East of England	17.95	13.47	4.49	36.7%	58.0%	20	15	111,391
392	Stretford and Urmston	North West	17.96	17.01	0.95	70.0%	75.6%	19	18	105,820
393	Wakefield and Rothwell	North East and Yorkshire	18.01	14.41	3.60	44.3%	60.2%	20	16	111,069
394	Hastings and Rye	South East	18.06	18.06	0.00	42.3%	58.6%	19	19	105,194
395	Bradford West	North East and Yorkshire	18.10	17.31	0.79	41.5%	58.9%	23	22	127,065
396	Poole	South West	18.11	12.07	6.04	35.1%	56.4%	18	12	99,397
397	South West Wiltshire	South West	18.16	14.13	4.04	32.6%	51.2%	18	14	99,098
398	East Wiltshire	South West	18.18	17.23	0.96	32.1%	52.0%	19	18	104,499
399	Watford	East of England	18.19	14.72	3.46	44.0%	61.3%	21	17	115,450
400	Hove and Portslade	South East	18.24	16.32	1.92	38.6%	64.1%	19	17	104,152
401	Chester North and Neston	North West	18.33	17.32	1.02	47.4%	69.0%	18	17	98,180
402	Harborough, Oadby and Wigston	Midlands	18.42	14.73	3.68	36.0%	64.5%	20	16	108,600
403	Putney	London	18.48	12.32	6.16	31.1%	45.8%	21	14	113,653
404	The Wrekin	Midlands	18.48	18.48	0.00	47.6%	64.6%	21	21	113,634
405	Bristol North West	South West	18.63	15.97	2.66	36.5%	64.9%	21	18	112,745

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406	Taunton and Wellington	South West	18.63	12.42	6.21	25.8%	40.6%	21	14	112,724
407	Newcastle-under-Lyme	Midlands	18.64	14.50	4.14	34.6%	61.3%	18	14	96,580
408	Hexham	North East and Yorkshire	18.69	17.65	1.04	44.8%	59.6%	18	17	96,315
409	Crewe and Nantwich	North West	18.74	18.74	0.00	48.3%	68.5%	22	22	117,420
410	New Forest West	South East	18.82	14.11	4.70	39.4%	56.5%	16	12	85,021
411	Hornchurch and Upminster	London	18.83	10.76	8.07	41.4%	49.1%	21	12	111,519
412	Meriden and Solihull East	Midlands	18.85	14.88	3.97	39.6%	51.1%	19	15	100,784
413	Lancaster and Wyre	North West	18.85	14.89	3.97	38.9%	62.7%	19	15	100,770
414	Broxbourne	East of England	18.87	17.07	1.80	44.0%	61.3%	21	19	111,302
415	Epsom and Ewell	South East	18.95	15.34	3.61	38.9%	55.2%	21	17	110,835
416	Bracknell	South East	18.98	17.08	1.90	44.6%	59.5%	20	18	105,396
417	Birmingham Edgbaston	Midlands	19.07	14.53	4.54	44.1%	53.3%	21	16	110,141
418	Wirral West	North West	19.08	14.59	4.49	52.3%	62.1%	17	13	89,076
419	Bromley and Biggin Hill	London	19.14	15.11	4.03	33.9%	58.1%	19	15	99,266
420	Runnymede and Weybridge	South East	19.15	14.59	4.56	38.9%	55.2%	21	16	109,665
421	Eastbourne	South East	19.18	14.39	4.80	42.3%	58.6%	20	15	104,259
422	Chichester	South East	19.19	14.62	4.57	40.2%	58.2%	21	16	109,427
423	Honiton and Sidmouth	South West	19.21	13.88	5.34	38.6%	47.3%	18	13	93,690
424	Leicester South	Midlands	19.23	16.83	2.40	42.7%	68.9%	24	21	124,777
425	Pendle and Clitheroe	North West	19.24	19.24	0.00	38.9%	62.7%	22	22	114,372
426	Beckenham and Penge	London	19.24	14.66	4.58	33.9%	58.1%	21	16	109,162
427	Ilford North	London	19.32	16.10	3.22	42.0%	57.2%	24	20	124,236
428	Brent West	London	19.33	17.95	1.38	39.0%	56.3%	28	26	144,844
429	Crawley	South East	19.35	17.74	1.61	40.2%	58.2%	24	22	124,008
430	Old Bexley and Sidcup	London	19.36	13.55	5.81	38.9%	51.3%	20	14	103,301
431	North Shropshire	Midlands	19.37	17.43	1.94	36.0%	59.1%	20	18	103,257
432	Tooting	London	19.40	17.55	1.85	31.1%	45.8%	21	19	108,254
433	Doncaster Central	North East and Yorkshire	19.40	18.56	0.84	62.3%	64.9%	23	22	118,550
434	Mid Dorset and North Poole	South West	19.44	11.25	8.18	33.8%	51.4%	19	11	97,747

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435	Surrey Heath	South East	19.52	17.57	1.95	38.9%	55.2%	20	18	102,466
436	Stratford-on-Avon	Midlands	19.52	16.60	2.93	42.0%	59.8%	20	17	102,437
437	Tynemouth	North East and Yorkshire	19.55	17.49	2.06	43.2%	61.5%	19	17	97,209
438	Carshalton and Wallington	London	19.56	17.69	1.86	36.4%	50.6%	21	19	107,379
439	Harrow West	London	19.56	17.22	2.35	35.6%	53.5%	25	22	127,794
440	Gateshead Central and Whickham	North East and Yorkshire	19.58	17.62	1.96	55.5%	64.3%	20	18	102,168
441	Westmorland and Lonsdale	North West	19.65	17.47	2.18	35.2%	60.1%	18	16	91,583
442	Bromsgrove	Midlands	19.67	14.75	4.92	34.4%	57.7%	20	15	101,685
443	South Cotswolds	South West	19.70	16.59	3.11	33.8%	52.2%	19	16	96,434
444	Harrow East	London	19.72	16.43	3.29	36.1%	53.9%	24	20	121,718
445	Chippenham	South West	19.77	16.81	2.97	32.6%	51.2%	20	17	101,150
446	Croydon South	London	19.83	17.94	1.89	39.4%	50.6%	21	19	105,891
447	North Somerset	South West	19.84	15.66	4.18	35.9%	57.2%	19	15	95,778
448	North Dorset	South West	19.85	12.53	7.31	33.0%	48.0%	19	12	95,740
449	Esher and Walton	South East	19.88	13.25	6.63	38.9%	55.2%	21	14	105,649
450	South Dorset	South West	19.88	11.93	7.95	33.0%	48.0%	20	12	100,592
451	Newbury	South East	19.93	16.94	2.99	32.5%	53.6%	20	17	100,351
452	Windsor	South East	20.05	16.57	3.49	38.3%	55.4%	23	19	114,686
453	Sheffield Central	North East and Yorkshire	20.10	16.08	4.02	53.9%	68.5%	20	16	99,522
454	Newcastle upon Tyne North	North East and Yorkshire	20.49	18.71	1.78	45.1%	59.1%	23	21	112,244
455	Carlisle	North East and Yorkshire	20.52	17.72	2.80	33.1%	46.6%	22	19	107,219
456	Lewes	South East	20.54	18.48	2.05	42.3%	58.6%	20	18	97,384
457	Altrincham and Sale West	North West	20.56	14.69	5.88	70.0%	75.6%	21	15	102,116
458	Battersea	London	20.73	14.69	6.05	31.1%	45.8%	24	17	115,748
459	South West Hertfordshire	East of England	20.75	15.81	4.94	44.0%	61.3%	21	16	101,223
460	Harrogate and Knaresborough	North East and Yorkshire	20.81	12.30	8.51	37.7%	56.1%	22	13	105,723
461	New Forest East	South East	20.86	14.27	6.59	39.4%	56.5%	19	13	91,095
462	Chesterfield	Midlands	20.90	18.81	2.09	39.2%	63.3%	20	18	95,716
463	Dulwich and West Norwood	London	20.90	19.95	0.95	44.7%	61.2%	22	21	105,259
464	Brighton Pavilion	South East	20.91	19.01	1.90	38.6%	64.1%	22	20	105,217

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465	Wolverhampton West	Midlands	20.98	17.62	3.36	41.8%	54.3%	25	21	119,160
466	Sunderland Central	North East and Yorkshire	21.00	20.04	0.95	36.6%	47.9%	22	21	104,783
467	Epping Forest	East of England	21.00	16.23	4.77	36.7%	58.0%	22	17	104,747
468	Oxford West and Abingdon	South East	21.02	17.37	3.66	38.9%	53.8%	23	19	109,402
469	Richmond and Northallerton	North East and Yorkshire	21.12	20.06	1.06	37.7%	56.1%	20	19	94,693
470	Cambridge	East of England	21.21	18.06	3.14	39.9%	53.6%	27	23	127,325
471	Swindon South	South West	21.24	12.74	8.49	28.8%	57.1%	25	15	117,724
472	Cheadle	North West	21.26	15.19	6.07	51.8%	62.8%	21	15	98,780
473	Glastonbury and Somerton	South West	21.27	11.70	9.57	25.8%	40.6%	20	11	94,018
474	Ashford	South East	21.30	15.97	5.32	33.7%	56.1%	24	18	112,689
475	North Northumberland	North East and Yorkshire	21.32	19.19	2.13	44.7%	59.8%	20	18	93,814
476	Stafford	Midlands	21.39	18.34	3.06	34.6%	61.3%	21	18	98,172
477	Sutton and Cheam	London	21.47	17.73	3.73	36.4%	50.6%	23	19	107,146
478	Hendon	London	21.54	15.08	6.46	29.6%	41.5%	30	21	139,299
479	Manchester Withington	North West	21.56	18.33	3.23	41.2%	64.3%	20	17	92,760
480	Isle of Wight East	South East	21.62	15.85	5.76	25.7%	41.1%	15	11	69,387
481	Fareham and Waterlooville	South East	21.74	19.77	1.98	39.4%	56.5%	22	20	101,183
482	Huddersfield	North East and Yorkshire	21.86	18.50	3.36	49.0%	66.0%	26	22	118,939
483	Kingston upon Hull West and Haltemprice	North East and Yorkshire	21.89	17.33	4.56	43.3%	58.0%	24	19	109,659
484	Rochester and Strood	South East	21.92	21.00	0.91	44.3%	67.2%	24	23	109,506
485	Tunbridge Wells	South East	21.92	16.44	5.48	33.7%	56.1%	24	18	109,491
486	Stockton North	North East and Yorkshire	21.93	18.12	3.81	43.1%	63.1%	23	19	104,884
487	Hampstead and Highgate	London	22.09	14.44	7.65	42.1%	59.7%	26	17	117,711
488	Orpington	London	22.11	17.08	5.02	33.9%	58.1%	22	17	99,505
489	Hemel Hempstead	East of England	22.20	20.35	1.85	44.0%	61.3%	24	22	108,100

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490	City of Durham	North East and Yorkshire	22.24	18.37	3.87	37.3%	50.5%	23	19	103,412
491	Bournemouth West	South West	22.27	16.03	6.23	35.1%	56.4%	25	18	112,281
492	Nottingham East	Midlands	22.27	19.88	2.39	50.3%	69.1%	28	25	125,727
493	York Central	North East and Yorkshire	22.72	13.11	9.61	34.6%	69.2%	26	15	114,431
494	South Devon	South West	22.75	19.50	3.25	38.3%	53.2%	21	18	92,299
495	Torbay	South West	22.92	17.19	5.73	37.7%	62.5%	24	18	104,727
496	Ealing Central and Acton	London	23.01	17.98	5.03	43.5%	60.6%	32	25	139,040
497	Shrewsbury	Midlands	23.03	21.11	1.92	36.0%	59.1%	24	22	104,230
498	Penrith and Solway	North East and Yorkshire	23.09	21.08	2.01	33.7%	50.7%	23	21	99,608
499	Leeds Central and Headingley	North East and Yorkshire	23.31	10.36	12.95	42.8%	62.8%	27	12	115,823
500	Guildford	South East	23.43	17.81	5.62	38.9%	55.2%	25	19	106,711
501	St Albans	East of England	23.50	19.58	3.92	44.0%	61.3%	24	20	102,137
502	Bermondsey and Old Southwark	London	23.50	17.18	6.33	39.2%	51.4%	26	19	110,615
503	Kingston and Surbiton	London	23.55	19.34	4.21	41.5%	63.8%	28	23	118,904
504	Exeter	South West	23.59	16.04	7.55	38.6%	47.3%	25	17	105,975
505	Chesham and Amersham	South East	23.62	19.68	3.94	33.2%	53.6%	24	20	101,628
506	Woking	South East	23.66	17.03	6.62	38.9%	55.2%	25	18	105,679
507	West Dorset	South West	23.88	14.53	9.34	33.0%	48.0%	23	14	96,334
508	Queen's Park and Maida Vale	London	24.07	20.86	3.21	41.6%	53.6%	30	26	124,662
509	Scarborough and Whitby	North East and Yorkshire	24.28	19.22	5.06	37.7%	56.1%	24	19	98,856
510	Salisbury	South West	24.30	13.73	10.56	32.6%	51.2%	23	13	94,654
511	Ipswich	East of England	24.32	21.72	2.61	37.0%	58.0%	28	25	115,126
512	Cheltenham	South West	24.35	14.61	9.74	34.7%	53.0%	25	15	102,658
513	Leeds North East	North East and Yorkshire	24.42	16.28	8.14	42.8%	62.8%	24	16	98,263
514	Plymouth Sutton and Devonport	South West	24.69	18.52	6.17	23.1%	43.6%	28	21	113,420
515	Bristol Central	South West	24.71	17.79	6.92	36.5%	64.9%	25	18	101,154
516	Harpenden and Berkhamsted	East of England	24.80	18.60	6.20	44.0%	61.3%	24	18	96,779

Rank	Constituency	Region	All practices /100k	NHS /100k	Private gap	% Adults seen	% Children seen	Num. practices	Num. NHS practices	Population
517	Sutton Coldfield	Midlands	24.80	15.50	9.30	44.1%	53.3%	24	15	96,774
518	Bournemouth East	South West	24.88	10.13	14.74	35.1%	56.4%	27	11	108,539
519	Colchester	East of England	25.01	21.67	3.33	36.7%	58.0%	30	26	119,956
520	Hertsmere	East of England	25.03	19.47	5.56	44.0%	61.3%	27	21	107,865
521	Southgate and Wood Green	London	25.06	22.71	2.35	41.8%	56.4%	32	29	127,670
522	Chelsea and Fulham	London	25.35	13.09	12.27	43.6%	51.6%	31	16	122,271
523	Hereford and South Herefordshire	Midlands	25.44	19.33	6.10	27.0%	44.9%	25	19	98,282
524	Islington South and Finsbury	London	25.54	17.30	8.24	36.3%	54.5%	31	21	121,361
525	Richmond Park	London	25.84	16.04	9.80	32.2%	51.3%	29	18	112,235
526	Christchurch	South West	26.05	9.06	16.99	34.2%	52.8%	23	8	88,284
527	Beaconsfield	South East	26.18	18.13	8.06	33.2%	53.6%	26	18	99,305
528	Bedford	East of England	26.31	23.68	2.63	44.0%	56.7%	30	27	114,023
529	Macclesfield	North West	26.33	25.31	1.01	48.3%	68.5%	26	25	98,756
530	Stourbridge	Midlands	26.37	23.21	3.16	49.4%	47.7%	25	22	94,792
531	Norwich South	East of England	26.65	19.30	7.35	41.5%	52.3%	29	21	108,798
532	Tatton	North West	26.69	16.80	9.88	47.3%	67.3%	27	17	101,179
533	Kensington and Bayswater	London	27.19	21.15	6.04	33.3%	49.1%	36	28	132,388
534	Bath	South West	28.16	19.71	8.45	33.0%	59.4%	30	21	106,548
535	Hornsey and Friern Barnet	London	28.54	25.59	2.95	41.8%	60.5%	29	26	101,598
536	Truro and Falmouth	South West	28.55	21.41	7.14	29.7%	53.6%	28	21	98,083
537	Wimbledon	London	29.62	17.95	11.67	40.2%	46.6%	33	20	111,409
538	Finchley and Golders Green	London	29.99	19.23	10.77	29.6%	41.5%	39	25	130,032
539	Hammersmith and Chiswick	London	31.23	21.10	10.13	46.9%	55.4%	37	25	118,478
540	Twickenham	London	31.29	16.56	14.72	28.1%	45.8%	34	18	108,664
541	Ruislip, Northwood and Pinner	London	31.59	25.67	5.92	33.6%	49.6%	32	26	101,288
542	Holborn and St Pancras	London	32.19	26.82	5.36	41.8%	59.1%	36	30	111,853
543	Cities of London and Westminster	London	87.62	29.71	57.91	43.5%	51.5%	115	39	131,247

England & Scotland

All 600 constituencies ranked 1 (lowest provision) to 600 (highest) on the full-precision rate. England rows are shaded red and Scotland rows blue, with two alternating shades within each nation for readability. Rows sharing an exact (unrounded) rate keep the same shade, so a tie shows as two adjacent rows of identical colour that break the alternation. Regions apply to England only; Scotland is shown as —. Rates are displayed to two decimal places.

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
1	South Northamptonshire	England	East Midlands	5	4.85
2	South Norfolk	England	East of England	5	5.08
3	Stoke-on-Trent South	England	West Midlands	5	5.17
4	Tewkesbury	England	South West	6	5.95
5	Rayleigh and Wickford	England	East of England	6	6.01
6	Gainsborough	England	East Midlands	6	6.05
7	Northampton South	England	East Midlands	7	6.10
8	Swindon North	England	South West	7	6.29
9	Hayes and Harlington	England	London	9	6.38
10	Chatham and Aylesford	England	South East	7	6.40
11	Amber Valley	England	East Midlands	6	6.43
12	Bristol South	England	South West	7	6.48
13	Sherwood Forest	England	East Midlands	7	6.52
14	South West Norfolk	England	East of England	7	6.55
15	Corby and East Northamptonshire	England	East Midlands	8	6.61
16	North West Cambridgeshire	England	East of England	8	6.62
17	Selby	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	7	6.64
18	Bolsover	England	East Midlands	7	6.66
19	Mid Leicestershire	England	East Midlands	7	6.70
20	South Derbyshire	England	East Midlands	7	6.77
21	Mid Buckinghamshire	England	South East	7	6.77
22	Bristol North East	England	South West	7	6.82
23	Grantham and Bourne	England	East Midlands	7	6.87
24	Mid Norfolk	England	East of England	7	7.03
25	Ellesmere Port and Bromborough	England	North West	7	7.03
26	Blackpool North and Fleetwood	England	North West	7	7.16
27	Ashfield	England	East Midlands	7	7.17
28	Earley and Woodley	England	South East	8	7.19
29	Broadland and Fakenham	England	East of England	7	7.21
30	North Cotswolds	England	South West	7	7.21
31	Exmouth and Exeter East	England	South West	8	7.32
32	Daventry	England	East Midlands	8	7.33
33	Braintree	England	East of England	8	7.37
34	Luton South and South Bedfordshire	England	East of England	10	7.46

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
35	Liverpool Riverside	England	North West	10	7.60
36	Waveney Valley	England	East of England	7	7.66
37	Stoke-on-Trent North	England	West Midlands	8	7.67
38	Bolton West	England	North West	8	7.79
39	Enfield North	England	London	10	7.84
40	Plymouth Moor View	England	South West	8	7.86
41	South Holland and The Deepings	England	East Midlands	9	7.88
42	Cramlington and Killingworth	England	North East	8	7.92
43	Birmingham Erdington	England	West Midlands	10	7.93
44	Weston-super-Mare	England	South West	8	7.95
45	Stratford and Bow	England	London	11	7.97
46	Kenilworth and Southam	England	West Midlands	8	7.97
47	Bradford South	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	9	8.02
48	Ely and East Cambridgeshire	England	East of England	9	8.06
49	East Ham	England	London	11	8.06
50	Chester South and Eddisbury	England	North West	8	8.14
51	Kingston upon Hull North and Cottingham	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	10	8.22
52	Ribble Valley	England	North West	9	8.29
53	Isle of Wight West	England	South East	6	8.30
54	North Bedfordshire	England	East of England	9	8.32
55	South Leicestershire	England	East Midlands	9	8.34
56	Mid Bedfordshire	England	East of England	9	8.39
57	Barking	England	London	12	8.42
58	North West Leicestershire	England	East Midlands	9	8.47
59	East Thanet	England	South East	9	8.47
60	Hackney North and Stoke Newington	England	London	10	8.52
61	Filton and Bradley Stoke	England	South West	10	8.53
62	Makerfield	England	North West	9	8.53
63	North East Cambridgeshire	England	East of England	9	8.58
64	Brigg and Immingham	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	8	8.59
65	South East Cornwall	England	South West	8	8.60
66	East Hampshire	England	South East	8	8.60
67	North Herefordshire	England	West Midlands	8	8.62
68	Kingston upon Hull East	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	9	8.63
69	Milton Keynes North	England	South East	9	8.63
70	Clacton	England	East of England	9	8.74
71	Coventry East	England	West Midlands	11	8.78
72	Herne Bay and Sandwich	England	South East	9	8.78
73	Milton Keynes Central	England	South East	12	8.78

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
74	Harwich and North Essex	England	East of England	9	8.80
75	Camborne and Redruth	England	South West	9	8.81
76	Walthamstow	England	London	11	8.81
77	Penistone and Stocksbridge	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	8	8.85
78	North Devon	England	South West	9	8.89
79	Reading Central	England	South East	11	8.97
80	Stalybridge and Hyde	England	North West	9	9.00
81	Sleaford and North Hykeham	England	East Midlands	9	9.03
82	Christchurch	England	South West	8	9.06
83	North West Essex	England	East of England	10	9.07
84	Shipley	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	9	9.10
85	South Cambridgeshire	England	East of England	10	9.13
86	Broxtowe	England	East Midlands	9	9.19
87	Melton and Syston	England	East Midlands	9	9.21
88	Central Devon	England	South West	9	9.27
89	Eastleigh	England	South East	9	9.30
90	Wolverhampton South East	England	West Midlands	12	9.35
91	Solihull West and Shirley	England	West Midlands	9	9.39
92	Dagenham and Rainham	England	London	12	9.39
93	North East Derbyshire	England	East Midlands	9	9.41
94	Colne Valley	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	9	9.44
95	Bridlington and The Wolds	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	9	9.45
96	West Ham and Beckton	England	London	14	9.46
97	Dover and Deal	England	South East	10	9.46
98	Nuneaton	England	West Midlands	10	9.49
99	Whitehaven and Workington	England	North West	9	9.49
100	Mitcham and Morden	England	London	12	9.51
101	Southend West and Leigh	England	East of England	10	9.52
102	Kettering	England	East Midlands	11	9.56
103	Frome and East Somerset	England	South West	9	9.57
104	Thurrock	England	East of England	12	9.62
105	Tamworth	England	West Midlands	10	9.64
106	Castle Point	England	East of England	9	9.72
107	West Worcestershire	England	West Midlands	10	9.75
108	St Neots and Mid Cambridgeshire	England	East of England	11	9.76
109	St Austell and Newquay	England	South West	10	9.81
110	Coventry South	England	West Midlands	13	9.85
111	Hinckley and Bosworth	England	East Midlands	10	9.88
112	Middlesbrough and Thornaby East	England	North East	12	9.90
113	Telford	England	West Midlands	11	9.92

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
114	Buckingham and Bletchley	England	South East	11	9.93
115	Brentwood and Ongar	England	East of England	10	9.93
116	Weald of Kent	England	South East	10	9.99
117	Nottingham North and Kimberley	England	East Midlands	11	10.01
118	Southport	England	North West	10	10.01
119	Luton North	England	East of England	12	10.03
120	Bournemouth East	England	South West	11	10.13
121	Louth and Horncastle	England	East Midlands	10	10.14
122	Barrow and Furness	England	North West	10	10.15
123	Leeds South West and Morley	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	10	10.16
124	Hamble Valley	England	South East	11	10.17
125	Torridge and Tavistock	England	South West	10	10.24
126	Sheffield South East	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	11	10.27
127	Scunthorpe	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	11	10.29
128	South Suffolk	England	East of England	10	10.31
129	Normanton and Hemsworth	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	11	10.31
130	Droitwich and Evesham	England	West Midlands	11	10.31
131	North Warwickshire and Bedworth	England	West Midlands	10	10.32
132	Leeds Central and Headingley	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	12	10.36
133	Rawmarsh and Conisbrough	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	10	10.37
134	Houghton and Sunderland South	England	North East	11	10.37
135	Didcot and Wantage	England	South East	12	10.37
136	Easington	England	North East	10	10.40
137	Cowdenbeath and Kirkcaldy	Scotland	—	10	10.45
138	Bristol East	England	South West	12	10.50
139	Romford	England	London	12	10.51
140	West Suffolk	England	East of England	13	10.52
141	Southampton Test	England	South East	12	10.52
142	South Basildon and East Thurrock	England	East of England	11	10.53
143	Sheffield Hallam	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	10	10.53
144	Rossendale and Darwen	England	North West	11	10.53
145	Ossett and Denby Dale	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	10	10.56
146	Wokingham	England	South East	11	10.59
147	Rother Valley	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	10	10.63
148	North West Norfolk	England	East of England	11	10.64
149	Thornbury and Yate	England	South West	11	10.70

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
150	Poplar and Limehouse	England	London	16	10.71
151	Hertford and Stortford	England	East of England	12	10.74
152	Tiverton and Minehead	England	South West	10	10.75
153	Manchester Rusholme	England	North West	13	10.75
154	Chelmsford	England	East of England	12	10.75
155	Hornchurch and Upminster	England	London	12	10.76
156	Portsmouth South	England	South East	12	10.83
157	Bassetlaw	England	East Midlands	12	10.84
158	Lichfield	England	West Midlands	11	10.89
159	Birmingham Selly Oak	England	West Midlands	12	10.93
160	Slough	England	South East	16	11.01
161	Boston and Skegness	England	East Midlands	13	11.05
162	Goole and Pocklington	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	12	11.06
163	Tipton and Wednesbury	England	West Midlands	13	11.07
164	Lewisham North	England	London	13	11.09
165	St Ives	England	South West	10	11.16
166	Banbury	England	South East	12	11.20
167	Dewsbury and Batley	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	12	11.23
168	Worcester	England	West Midlands	12	11.25
169	Leigh and Atherton	England	North West	13	11.25
170	Mid Dorset and North Poole	England	South West	11	11.25
171	Blackley and Middleton South	England	North West	13	11.27
172	North East Somerset and Hanham	England	South West	11	11.29
173	Havant	England	South East	11	11.30
174	Spen Valley	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	11	11.32
175	West Bromwich	England	West Midlands	13	11.34
176	Erewash	England	East Midlands	11	11.37
177	Central Suffolk and North Ipswich	England	East of England	11	11.39
178	Southampton Itchen	England	South East	13	11.40
179	Jarrow and Gateshead East	England	North East	11	11.41
180	Warrington North	England	North West	11	11.41
181	Farnham and Bordon	England	South East	12	11.42
182	Faversham and Mid Kent	England	South East	12	11.43
183	Gloucester	England	South West	14	11.44
184	Redcar	England	North East	11	11.50
185	North Norfolk	England	East of England	10	11.50
186	Lowestoft	England	East of England	11	11.52
187	Chorley	England	North West	12	11.53
188	North West Hampshire	England	South East	13	11.54
189	Alloa and Grangemouth	Scotland	—	11	11.55

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
190	Runcorn and Helsby	England	North West	11	11.56
191	Mid Sussex	England	South East	12	11.57
192	Liverpool Garston	England	North West	11	11.59
193	Bishop Auckland	England	North East	11	11.61
194	Peckham	England	London	13	11.62
195	Maldon	England	East of England	12	11.62
196	Coventry North West	England	West Midlands	13	11.64
197	Wetherby and Easingwold	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	11	11.66
198	Leeds West and Pudsey	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	12	11.68
199	Sheffield Heeley	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	13	11.69
200	St Helens North	England	North West	12	11.69
201	Glastonbury and Somerton	England	South West	11	11.70
202	Islington North	England	London	13	11.71
203	Southend East and Rochford	England	East of England	12	11.75
204	Bolton North East	England	North West	14	11.76
205	Norwich North	England	East of England	12	11.77
206	Maidenhead	England	South East	13	11.78
207	Canterbury	England	South East	13	11.80
208	Newark	England	East Midlands	13	11.82
209	Keighley and Ilkley	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	12	11.83
210	Leeds East	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	14	11.83
211	Chingford and Woodford Green	England	London	13	11.83
212	Bognor Regis and Littlehampton	England	South East	13	11.92
213	Winchester	England	South East	13	11.92
214	South Dorset	England	South West	12	11.93
215	Birmingham Hodge Hill and Solihull North	England	West Midlands	15	11.96
216	High Peak	England	East Midlands	11	11.96
217	Rugby	England	West Midlands	14	11.97
218	Skipton and Ripon	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	12	11.97
219	Beverley and Holderness	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	11	11.97
220	Birmingham Perry Barr	England	West Midlands	15	11.97
221	Welwyn Hatfield	England	East of England	14	11.98
222	East Worthing and Shoreham	England	South East	12	11.99
223	Walsall and Bloxwich	England	West Midlands	15	11.99
224	Aylesbury	England	South East	14	12.04
225	South West Devon	England	South West	12	12.04

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
226	Barnsley South	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	13	12.04
227	Harlow	England	East of England	14	12.04
228	Poole	England	South West	12	12.07
229	Maidstone and Malling	England	South East	14	12.08
230	Bradford East	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	15	12.10
231	Croydon West	England	London	16	12.12
232	Greenwich and Woolwich	England	London	15	12.13
233	Mansfield	England	East Midlands	13	12.15
234	Yeovil	England	South West	13	12.17
235	Bicester and Woodstock	England	South East	13	12.19
236	Burnley	England	North West	14	12.19
237	Hartlepool	England	North East	12	12.22
238	Bolton South and Walkden	England	North West	16	12.26
239	Harrogate and Knaresborough	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	13	12.30
240	North Durham	England	North East	12	12.30
241	Putney	England	London	14	12.32
242	North East Hertfordshire	England	East of England	13	12.32
243	Reigate	England	South East	14	12.32
244	Pontefract, Castleford and Knottingley	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	13	12.36
245	Halesowen	England	West Midlands	12	12.36
246	Witney	England	South East	13	12.36
247	Eltham and Chislehurst	England	London	14	12.37
248	Congleton	England	North West	12	12.42
249	Taunton and Wellington	England	South West	14	12.42
250	Blackpool South	England	North West	14	12.43
251	Ashton-under-Lyne	England	North West	13	12.44
252	Bootle	England	North West	13	12.47
253	Oxford East	England	South East	15	12.48
254	Nottingham South	England	East Midlands	14	12.49
255	North Dorset	England	South West	12	12.53
256	Romsey and Southampton North	England	South East	13	12.53
257	Lincoln	England	East Midlands	15	12.56
258	Stockton West	England	North East	12	12.56
259	Halifax	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	14	12.57
260	Leeds North West	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	12	12.61
261	Blackburn	England	North West	15	12.61
262	Newton Abbot	England	South West	12	12.64
263	Ealing North	England	London	17	12.64
264	York Outer	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	12	12.65
265	Forest of Dean	England	South West	12	12.70

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
266	Widnes and Halewood	England	North West	12	12.71
267	Birmingham Yardley	England	West Midlands	15	12.73
268	Uxbridge and South Ruislip	England	London	16	12.74
269	Swindon South	England	South West	15	12.74
270	Birkenhead	England	North West	14	12.75
271	Derby South	England	East Midlands	16	12.76
272	Aldridge-Brownhills	England	West Midlands	12	12.77
273	Folkestone and Hythe	England	South East	12	12.80
274	Derby North	England	East Midlands	14	12.82
275	Wellingborough and Rushden	England	East Midlands	15	12.84
276	Preston	England	North West	16	12.84
277	Sevenoaks	England	South East	13	12.84
278	Brentford and Isleworth	England	London	17	12.84
279	Leyton and Wanstead	England	London	15	12.85
280	Liverpool West Derby	England	North West	13	12.85
281	Witham	England	East of England	14	12.87
282	Bury St Edmunds and Stowmarket	England	East of England	14	12.88
283	Horsham	England	South East	14	12.88
284	North Cornwall	England	South West	13	12.89
285	Erith and Thamesmead	England	London	18	12.89
286	Gordon and Buchan	Scotland	—	12	12.91
287	Wells and Mendip Hills	England	South West	12	12.91
288	Chipping Barnet	England	London	15	12.92
289	Great Grimsby and Cleethorpes	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	14	12.93
290	Great Yarmouth	England	East of England	13	12.93
291	Manchester Central	England	North West	18	12.95
292	Rochdale	England	North West	14	12.96
293	Salford	England	North West	18	12.96
294	Bexhill and Battle	England	South East	12	13.00
295	Sheffield Brightside and Hillsborough	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	15	13.01
296	Redditch	England	West Midlands	13	13.02
297	Thirsk and Malton	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	13	13.02
298	Basingstoke	England	South East	15	13.03
299	Calder Valley	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	13	13.05
300	Chelsea and Fulham	England	London	16	13.09
301	York Central	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	15	13.11
302	Arundel and South Downs	England	South East	13	13.11
303	Tonbridge	England	South East	13	13.12
304	Derbyshire Dales	England	East Midlands	12	13.13
305	Rushcliffe	England	East Midlands	14	13.14
306	Livingston	Scotland	—	14	13.18

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
307	West Aberdeenshire and Kincardine	Scotland	—	13	13.18
308	Newton Aycliffe and Spennymoor	England	North East	13	13.19
309	Warrington South	England	North West	14	13.20
310	Blyth and Ashington	England	North East	14	13.21
311	Vauxhall and Camberwell Green	England	London	14	13.22
312	Aberdeen North	Scotland	—	15	13.22
313	Hyndburn	England	North West	13	13.23
314	St Helens South and Whiston	England	North West	13	13.23
315	Esher and Walton	England	South East	14	13.25
316	Bury North	England	North West	14	13.27
317	Orkney and Shetland	Scotland	—	6	13.27
318	Falkirk	Scotland	—	13	13.33
319	Hitchin	England	East of England	14	13.33
320	Dorking and Horley	England	South East	13	13.36
321	Wycombe	England	South East	15	13.36
322	North East Hampshire	England	South East	14	13.36
323	Reading West and Mid Berkshire	England	South East	13	13.39
324	Aberdeenshire North and Moray East	Scotland	—	13	13.39
325	Croydon East	England	London	15	13.39
326	Hazel Grove	England	North West	13	13.44
327	Cannock Chase	England	West Midlands	14	13.45
328	Coatbridge and Bellshill	Scotland	—	13	13.46
329	Basildon and Billericay	England	East of England	15	13.47
330	Washington and Gateshead South	England	North East	13	13.48
331	South Shropshire	England	West Midlands	13	13.49
332	Rutland and Stamford	England	East Midlands	13	13.49
333	Stone, Great Wyrley and Penkridge	England	West Midlands	13	13.49
334	Bexleyheath and Crayford	England	London	14	13.52
335	Middlesbrough South and East Cleveland	England	North East	13	13.52
336	Old Bexley and Sidcup	England	London	14	13.55
337	Hackney South and Shoreditch	England	London	16	13.57
338	Wolverhampton North East	England	West Midlands	15	13.59
339	Edmonton and Winchmore Hill	England	London	17	13.59
340	Oldham West, Chadderton and Royton	England	North West	16	13.60
341	Ealing Southall	England	London	18	13.61
342	Worthing West	England	South East	14	13.61

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
343	Leeds South	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	18	13.62
344	Lothian East	Scotland	—	14	13.64
345	Aldershot	England	South East	17	13.65
346	Dartford	England	South East	16	13.66
347	Stevenage	England	East of England	14	13.66
348	Liverpool Walton	England	North West	14	13.67
349	East Surrey	England	South East	14	13.67
350	Birmingham Northfield	England	West Midlands	15	13.71
351	Salisbury	England	South West	13	13.73
352	Ilford South	England	London	19	13.74
353	Birmingham Ladywood	England	West Midlands	23	13.78
354	Fylde	England	North West	14	13.80
355	Stockport	England	North West	15	13.83
356	Glenrothes and Mid Fife	Scotland	—	13	13.87
357	Honiton and Sidmouth	England	South West	13	13.88
358	Airdrie and Shotts	Scotland	—	13	13.89
359	Liverpool Wavertree	England	North West	15	13.90
360	Staffordshire Moorlands	England	West Midlands	12	13.97
361	Spelthorne	England	South East	15	14.01
362	Motherwell, Wishaw and Carluke	Scotland	—	14	14.01
363	Leicester East	England	East Midlands	18	14.07
364	Stroud	England	South West	14	14.09
365	Bethnal Green and Stepney	England	London	19	14.11
366	Doncaster North	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	14	14.11
367	New Forest West	England	South East	12	14.11
368	South West Wiltshire	England	South West	14	14.13
369	Newcastle upon Tyne East and Wallsend	England	North East	17	14.16
370	Smethwick	England	West Midlands	17	14.19
371	Northampton North	England	East Midlands	19	14.21
372	Stoke-on-Trent Central	England	West Midlands	17	14.25
373	Wallasey	England	North West	14	14.25
374	South Ribble	England	North West	14	14.27
375	New Forest East	England	South East	13	14.27
376	Gorton and Denton	England	North West	17	14.27
377	Kingswinford and South Staffordshire	England	West Midlands	13	14.31
378	Peterborough	England	East of England	19	14.32
379	Eastbourne	England	South East	15	14.39
380	Kilmarnock and Loudoun	Scotland	—	14	14.40
381	Wakefield and Rothwell	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	16	14.41
382	Worsley and Eccles	England	North West	16	14.41
383	Lewisham East	England	London	17	14.43
384	Wyre Forest	England	West Midlands	15	14.44

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
385	Hampstead and Highgate	England	London	17	14.44
386	Tottenham	England	London	20	14.45
387	Gravesham	England	South East	16	14.46
388	Bury South	England	North West	16	14.47
389	Bridgwater	England	South West	15	14.48
390	Portsmouth North	England	South East	15	14.49
391	Newcastle-under-Lyme	England	West Midlands	14	14.50
392	Birmingham Edgbaston	England	West Midlands	16	14.53
393	Loughborough	England	East Midlands	15	14.53
394	Warwick and Leamington	England	West Midlands	16	14.53
395	West Dorset	England	South West	14	14.53
396	Doncaster East and the Isle of Axholme	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	14	14.55
397	Runnymede and Weybridge	England	South East	16	14.59
398	Wirral West	England	North West	13	14.59
399	Cheltenham	England	South West	15	14.61
400	Chichester	England	South East	16	14.62
401	Mid Derbyshire	England	East Midlands	13	14.64
402	Beckenham and Penge	England	London	16	14.66
403	Wigan	England	North West	16	14.66
404	Godalming and Ash	England	South East	15	14.68
405	Battersea	England	London	17	14.69
406	Altrincham and Sale West	England	North West	15	14.69
407	Melksham and Devizes	England	South West	14	14.69
408	Sussex Weald	England	South East	14	14.72
409	Watford	England	East of England	17	14.72
410	Harborough, Oadby and Wigston	England	East Midlands	16	14.73
411	Leicester West	England	East Midlands	20	14.74
412	Bromsgrove	England	West Midlands	15	14.75
413	Arbroath and Broughty Ferry	Scotland	—	15	14.78
414	Meriden and Solihull East	England	West Midlands	15	14.88
415	Wythenshawe and Sale East	England	North West	17	14.88
416	Lancaster and Wyre	England	North West	15	14.89
417	Blaydon and Consett	England	North East	14	14.90
418	Streatham and Croydon North	England	London	18	14.91
419	Birmingham Hall Green and Moseley	England	West Midlands	18	14.94
420	Newcastle upon Tyne Central and West	England	North East	21	14.95
421	Sefton Central	England	North West	14	15.00
422	Midlothian	Scotland	—	15	15.02
423	Morecambe and Lunesdale	England	North West	15	15.03
424	Angus and Perthshire Glens	Scotland	—	15	15.04
425	Hendon	England	London	21	15.08

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
426	Heywood and Middleton North	England	North West	16	15.09
427	Lewisham West and East Dulwich	England	London	15	15.10
428	Bromley and Biggin Hill	England	London	15	15.11
429	North East Fife	Scotland	—	14	15.15
430	Henley and Thame	England	South East	15	15.17
431	Cheadle	England	North West	15	15.19
432	Mid Cheshire	England	North West	15	15.19
433	Burton and Uttoxeter	England	West Midlands	18	15.25
434	Dudley	England	West Midlands	16	15.28
435	Epsom and Ewell	England	South East	17	15.34
436	West Lancashire	England	North West	16	15.37
437	Gosport	England	South East	15	15.39
438	Clapham and Brixton Hill	England	London	16	15.44
439	Sittingbourne and Sheppey	England	South East	18	15.44
440	South Shields	England	North East	14	15.48
441	Sutton Coldfield	England	West Midlands	15	15.50
442	Gedling	England	East Midlands	16	15.51
443	Berwickshire, Roxburgh and Selkirk	Scotland	—	15	15.52
444	Edinburgh West	Scotland	—	16	15.60
445	Caithness, Sutherland and Easter Ross	Scotland	—	15	15.62
446	North Somerset	England	South West	15	15.66
447	Feltham and Heston	England	London	22	15.67
448	Rotherham	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	18	15.68
449	Huntingdon	England	East of England	18	15.74
450	Suffolk Coastal	England	East of England	15	15.74
451	South West Hertfordshire	England	East of England	16	15.81
452	Moray West, Nairn and Strathspey	Scotland	—	16	15.82
453	East Grinstead and Uckfield	England	South East	16	15.84
454	Isle of Wight East	England	South East	11	15.85
455	Gillingham and Rainham	England	South East	17	15.94
456	Bristol North West	England	South West	18	15.97
457	Ashford	England	South East	18	15.97
458	Bournemouth West	England	South West	18	16.03
459	Dunstable and Leighton Buzzard	England	East of England	19	16.04
460	Richmond Park	England	London	18	16.04
461	Exeter	England	South West	17	16.04
462	Brent East	England	London	22	16.04
463	Oldham East and Saddleworth	England	North West	18	16.07
464	Sheffield Central	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	16	16.08

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
465	Ilford North	England	London	20	16.10
466	Knowsley	England	North West	16	16.15
467	Epping Forest	England	East of England	17	16.23
468	Leeds North East	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	16	16.28
469	Brighton Kemptown and Peacehaven	England	South East	16	16.30
470	Hove and Portslade	England	South East	17	16.32
471	Harrow East	England	London	20	16.43
472	Tunbridge Wells	England	South East	18	16.44
473	Cumbernauld and Kirkintilloch	Scotland	—	15	16.51
474	Twickenham	England	London	18	16.56
475	Windsor	England	South East	19	16.57
476	South Cotswolds	England	South West	16	16.59
477	Stratford-on-Avon	England	West Midlands	17	16.60
478	Inverclyde and Renfrewshire West	Scotland	—	15	16.66
479	Bathgate and Linlithgow	Scotland	—	16	16.69
480	Barnsley North	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	18	16.71
481	Darlington	England	North East	17	16.79
482	Tatton	England	North West	17	16.80
483	Chippenham	England	South West	17	16.81
484	Leicester South	England	East Midlands	21	16.83
485	Newbury	England	South East	17	16.94
486	Stretford and Urmston	England	North West	18	17.01
487	Woking	England	South East	18	17.03
488	Argyll, Bute and South Lochaber	Scotland	—	16	17.07
489	Broxbourne	England	East of England	19	17.07
490	Bracknell	England	South East	18	17.08
491	Dumfriesshire, Clydesdale and Tweeddale	Scotland	—	15	17.08
492	Orpington	England	London	17	17.08
493	Bermondsey and Old Southwark	England	London	19	17.18
494	Torbay	England	South West	18	17.19
495	Harrow West	England	London	22	17.22
496	Central Ayrshire	Scotland	—	15	17.22
497	East Wiltshire	England	South West	18	17.23
498	West Dunbartonshire	Scotland	—	16	17.27
499	Islington South and Finsbury	England	London	21	17.30
500	Bradford West	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	22	17.31
501	Chester North and Neston	England	North West	17	17.32

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
502	Kingston upon Hull West and Haltemprice	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	19	17.33
503	Oxford West and Abingdon	England	South East	19	17.37
504	North Shropshire	England	West Midlands	18	17.43
505	Edinburgh East and Musselburgh	Scotland	—	21	17.46
506	Westmorland and Lonsdale	England	North West	16	17.47
507	Tynemouth	England	North East	17	17.49
508	Tooting	England	London	19	17.55
509	Surrey Heath	England	South East	18	17.57
510	Gateshead Central and Whickham	England	North East	18	17.62
511	Wolverhampton West	England	West Midlands	21	17.62
512	Perth and Kinross-shire	Scotland	—	18	17.63
513	Hexham	England	North East	17	17.65
514	Ayr, Carrick and Cumnock	Scotland	—	16	17.67
515	Carshalton and Wallington	England	London	19	17.69
516	Carlisle	England	North West	19	17.72
517	Sutton and Cheam	England	London	19	17.73
518	Glasgow North East	Scotland	—	20	17.74
519	Crawley	England	South East	22	17.74
520	Bristol Central	England	South West	18	17.79
521	Guildford	England	South East	19	17.81
522	East Kilbride and Strathaven	Scotland	—	18	17.84
523	Croydon South	England	London	19	17.94
524	Brent West	England	London	26	17.95
525	Wimbledon	England	London	20	17.95
526	Ealing Central and Acton	England	London	25	17.98
527	Inverness, Skye and West Ross-shire	Scotland	—	19	18.01
528	Hastings and Rye	England	South East	19	18.06
529	Cambridge	England	East of England	23	18.06
530	Stockton North	England	North East	19	18.12
531	Beaconsfield	England	South East	18	18.13
532	Manchester Withington	England	North West	17	18.33
533	Stafford	England	West Midlands	18	18.34
534	City of Durham	England	North East	19	18.37
535	Paisley and Renfrewshire North	Scotland	—	18	18.46
536	The Wrekin	England	West Midlands	21	18.48
537	Lewes	England	South East	18	18.48
538	Huddersfield	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	22	18.50
539	Plymouth Sutton and Devonport	England	South West	21	18.52
540	Doncaster Central	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	22	18.56

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
541	Harpenden and Berkhamsted	England	East of England	18	18.60
542	Newcastle upon Tyne North	England	North East	21	18.71
543	Crewe and Nantwich	England	North West	22	18.74
544	Chesterfield	England	East Midlands	18	18.81
545	Brighton Pavilion	England	South East	20	19.01
546	North Northumberland	England	North East	18	19.19
547	Na h-Eileanan an Iar	Scotland	—	5	19.22
548	Scarborough and Whitby	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	19	19.22
549	Finchley and Golders Green	England	London	25	19.23
550	Pendle and Clitheroe	England	North West	22	19.24
551	Norwich South	England	East of England	21	19.30
552	Hereford and South Herefordshire	England	West Midlands	19	19.33
553	Kingston and Surbiton	England	London	23	19.34
554	Rutherglen	Scotland	—	18	19.35
555	North Ayrshire and Arran	Scotland	—	18	19.38
556	Hertsmere	England	East of England	21	19.47
557	South Devon	England	South West	18	19.50
558	St Albans	England	East of England	20	19.58
559	Chesham and Amersham	England	South East	20	19.68
560	Bath	England	South West	21	19.71
561	Fareham and Waterlooville	England	South East	20	19.77
562	Nottingham East	England	East Midlands	25	19.88
563	Glasgow South West	Scotland	—	20	19.89
564	Paisley and Renfrewshire South	Scotland	—	19	19.89
565	Dulwich and West Norwood	England	London	21	19.95
566	East Renfrewshire	Scotland	—	20	20.03
567	Sunderland Central	England	North East	21	20.04
568	Richmond and Northallerton	England	Yorkshire and The Humber	19	20.06
569	Edinburgh South West	Scotland	—	22	20.07
570	Hemel Hempstead	England	East of England	22	20.35
571	Dundee Central	Scotland	—	22	20.75
572	Dumfries and Galloway	Scotland	—	20	20.79
573	Queen's Park and Maida Vale	England	London	26	20.86
574	Rochester and Strood	England	South East	23	21.00
575	Penrith and Solway	England	North West	21	21.08
576	Hammersmith and Chiswick	England	London	25	21.10
577	Shrewsbury	England	West Midlands	22	21.11
578	Hamilton and Clyde Valley	Scotland	—	21	21.13
579	Kensington and Bayswater	England	London	28	21.15
580	Stirling and Strathallan	Scotland	—	22	21.16
581	Truro and Falmouth	England	South West	21	21.41

Rank	Constituency	Nation	Region	Practices	Per 100,000
582	Colchester	England	East of England	26	21.67
583	Ipswich	England	East of England	25	21.72
584	Dunfermline and Dollar	Scotland	—	21	21.73
585	Southgate and Wood Green	England	London	29	22.71
586	Edinburgh South	Scotland	—	23	22.85
587	Stourbridge	England	West Midlands	22	23.21
588	Aberdeen South	Scotland	—	28	23.66
589	Bedford	England	East of England	27	23.68
590	Glasgow West	Scotland	—	25	24.05
591	Mid Dunbartonshire	Scotland	—	24	24.87
592	Macclesfield	England	North West	25	25.31
593	Glasgow South	Scotland	—	24	25.58
594	Hornsey and Friern Barnet	England	London	26	25.59
595	Ruislip, Northwood and Pinner	England	London	26	25.67
596	Glasgow East	Scotland	—	27	26.08
597	Holborn and St Pancras	England	London	30	26.82
598	Glasgow North	Scotland	—	32	27.32
599	Edinburgh North and Leith	Scotland	—	31	28.14
600	Cities of London and Westminster	England	London	39	29.71

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